

Albert-Ludwigs

Universität Freiburg

1457 - 2007

Identity management in a university environment

respecting central and faculty needs and providing the identity to shibboleth

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Historic background



- **1995**: joint teleseminars between Freiburg and Karlsruhe
 - Ottmann Stucky / organisation by GS (RZ-KA)
 - Using the existing fast Belwue Network
- media-hype \rightarrow expensive media based lectures
 - The quest for alternatives
- Ottmann: Authoring on the Fly
 - Product "lecturnity" available
- 1999: first BMBFprojects to adress eLearning
 - Mainly incompatible technical solutions
 - Not yet strategic for the universities
- 2000: DFG requests the CIO for universities
- This lead to a number of consequences ...

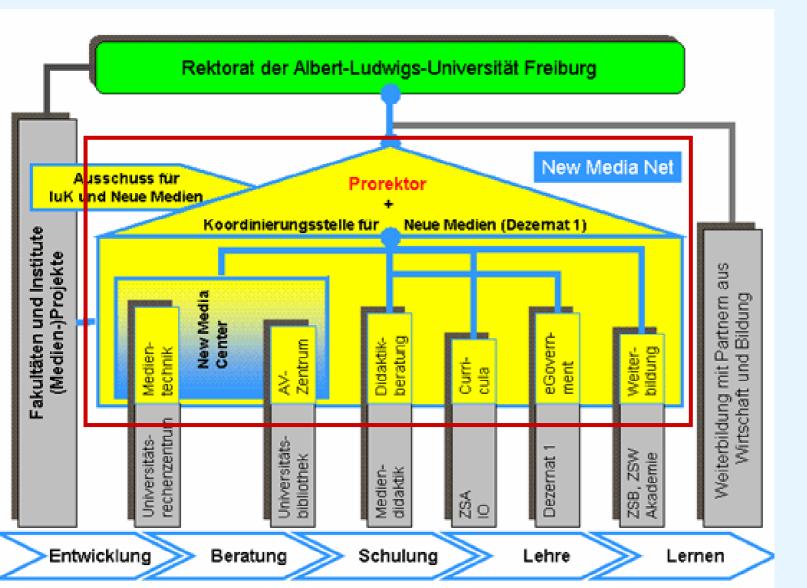
New media deployment



- lesson: "New media" is not just technology but also deployment
 - Deployment should affect the whole university
 - Including "early adopters" and "the last line of defense"
- Successful deployment means:
 - Do not start every day with a new technology
 - But convert a new user every day using existing technology
 - Financial incentives
 - "early adopters" must approach users
 - And the users must not retreat ⁽²⁾
- MEP "media development plant" in 2001
 - Via university senate, all faculties involved
- http://www.newmedia.uni-freiburg.de/Profil/mep.html



New Media Net as core adress



4

Financial boosters



- Catalytic effect: BMBF-initiative 2002
- Faculty for applied sciences presented (als consortial leader) the F-MoLL project
 - Involving all interested institutes and chairs
 - Oriental studies, music, political sciences, biology, etc
 - CC guaranteed the basic functionality
 - Notebook loan, organisation, deployment, server, etc
 - Computer science dept. Coordinated the development
 - 1,6 M€ across all faculties
 - The only "revolutionary" application

Money makes the world go round (and universities)



- Noticable effects:
 - Contract with the ministry forcing the university to continue with the implementation of New Media at all levels
 - Funding (2004-2006) of
 - Coordinating task force
 - New Media Centre
 - Media-based teaching in computer sciences with the (enforced) promise to continue after the end of the funding period
 - Total volume: 2,5 M€, i.e. 1M€ vom MWK
- University "media prize"
 - Rather than funding good promises
 - Better fund existing promising projects
 - 35 T€p.a.



Structural consequences

• New Media Centre

- Virtual centre as a truly existing "real" cooperation of computer centre and library
- Library director and CC director meet every 4 weeks for regular coordination
 - Both like good food...
- "one face to the customer"
 - CC staff refers to library staff if necessary (and vice versa) customer does not have to search
 - Separate homepage referring to the services of the two institutions

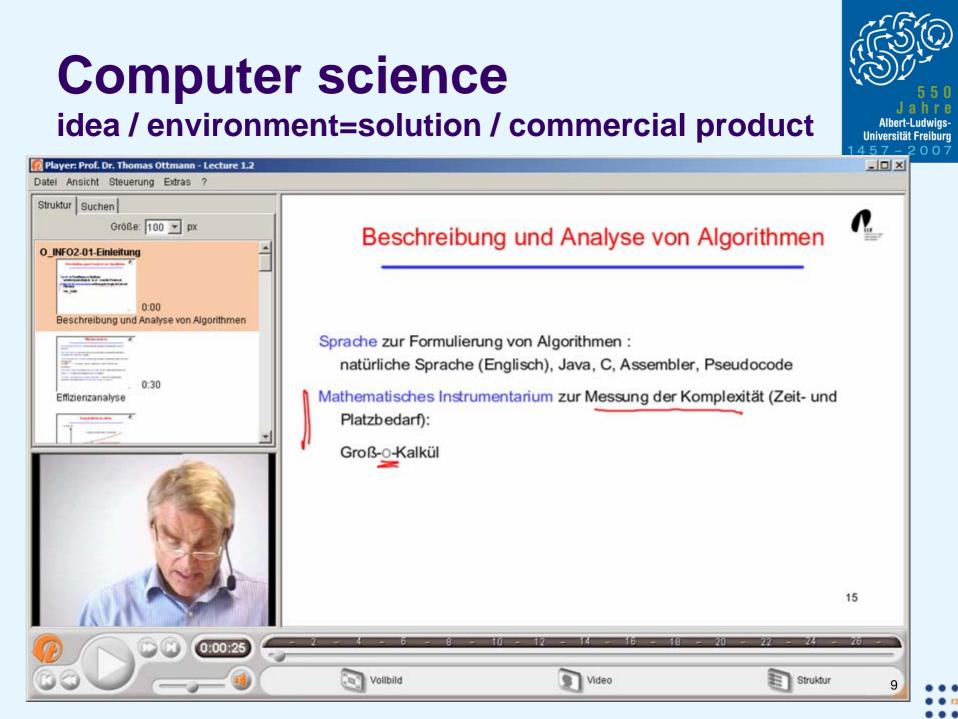


 Competence is kept in its environment, yet the user has the notion of a single functional unit

New Media coordination group



- Does the "dirty" work for the sake of the university
 - No "I know better" and no delivery of the orders of the rectroate
 - A bit like the New Media Centre, but going out to the user
 - Advertising technology, helping the user
 - With a clear mission of improving and pushing the use of New Media in teaching
 - To help students
 - Not just with a technology bias, but with proximity to technology
 - Office space in the CC
 - Optimization of workflows together with CC and administration
 - Big advantage(?): only one boss at all levels
- Who pays?
 - Up to now a strategic service of the university financed with third party money
 - Continuation thanks to student fees





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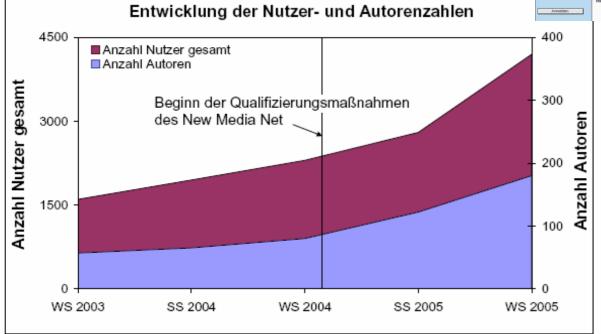
dwias-

Common elearning platform

Campusonline

currently about 170 lectures





No support for those who want to run their own system

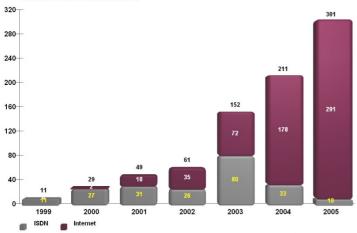
Rectorate must be firm on this!!

10

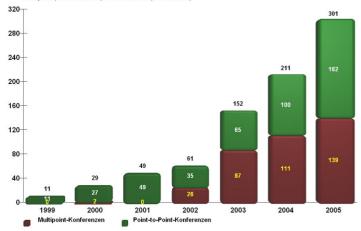
Video conferences



RZ Universität Freiburg Videokonferenzen 03.1999 - 12.2005 Videokonferenzen über ISDN und Internet



RZ Universität Freiburg Videokonferenzen 03.1999 - 12.2005 Multipoint (3 -9 Teilnehmer) Point to Point (2 Teilnehmer)



Videokonferenzraum



- Full support for complex conferences
 - Online exams with South Africa
- Permanent reservation for CERN conferences
 - Saves a few trips
- Joint seminars with the US (Harvard law) ¹¹

Consequences at the ,,top level"



- All this will not run on its own
 - Even if all players are highly motivated
 - They still need cover from the rectorate
 - Especially when conquering new action fields
 - Example: is student administration allowed to decide a busines workflow on its own??
 - Necessary support rules must be put in action (senate)
 - Vice-president for "knowledge transfer and communication technology! (CIO)
 - Chief missionary ultimate believer
 - Requires a lot of spare time
 - Work like a shepherd trying to direct the sheep into the right direction
 - Without finishing off orthogonal ideas of qualified people
 - Idea might be useful later
 - Without a permanent effort the system comes to a standstill.

Media and more...



- You realize quickly, that a few initiatives alone are not enough
 - They sooner or later will run out of steam especially when the funds dry out
- You can achieve a lokt of unexpected side effects
- And "New Media" is a much wider issue than expected
 - If you look from above
 - The various departments/institutions can't see this

Consequences (1): Identity-Management



- Classical approach: complicated selection process of the "best" system, modify your business processes to fit them to the system, do a lot of testing, migrate, update, etc... chaos and additional staff requirements.
- Our approach:
 - Who is in charge of the data and who should be? Sort out the organisational issues!
 - How do the data items interact? And where are they needed? By whom? Sort out the organisational dependencies
 - What are the capabilities of your data management systems? And how can you improve the flow of data to achieve success?
 - And then develop/choose the necessary connecting system solutions using "good guesses"
 - After all a professional guess should not be too wrong

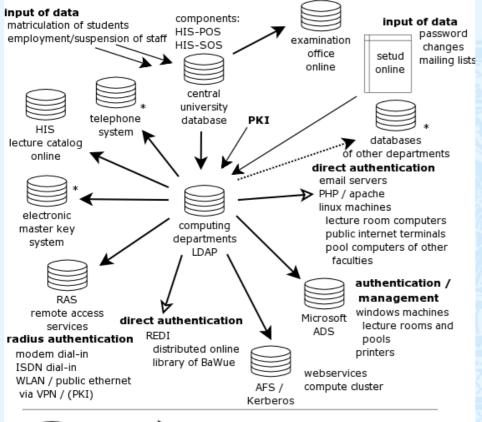
Consequences (1) IdM - sketch of our solution

- HIS-SOS
 - "knows", whether a student is matriculated or not
- LDAP
 - Imports the basic data
 - Checks regurlarly whether the person is still a member of the university
 - Does authentication (userid/passwd)
 - Allows for self-administration of user data
 - Preferred mail adress, student card id, etc
- Keycard door lock checks
 - Is the card still valid (→ LDAP)
 - Does the user have permission to open the door
 - Managment of these rights remains in the lock management software administer user profiles in the system, decentral, use local competence!
- Wireless LAN (campus wide) "checks"
 - Is account still valid? (→ LDAP)



Consequences (1) architecture





database

filtered export of data (minimum needed subset)
 direct use of LDAPs functionality
 sources of data input
 planned / working on

- Only export data which is really necessary (privacy)
- Most ID-based decisions do not require a full view of all data
 - It does work!
 - We now see the real bottle necks!
 - A professional solution most likely will show the same bottlenecks – because they are of organisational origin

16

Consequences (2) mailing lists



- How do you find out the mail adresses of the members of the university??
 - By order
 - Each member gets a mail address and nobody reads the mail or complains
 - "force" never works in a (German) university environment)
 - Use honey pots....
 - Login to HIS-LSF requires central account and works only if mail adress is known
 - Special request to HIS (costs money)
 - As a reward send timetables and changes to this mail adress
 - Weekly newsletter with important infos to all known mail adresses
 - Self administration of list subscribtions

Be careful – do not spam

• We all have enough emails every day

Consequences (3) wireless LAN



- Perfect example for a central solution giving happiness to decentral institutions
- To succeed with a central and uniform approach, do not leave the playground to the faculties
 - "forbidden" is not a promising concept
 - You have to be faster, have better ideas and offer additional features
 - Antennas placed on a highrise building provide connectivity for the home office
 - Provide good coverage in libraries
 - Wireless connectivity for (outside) places which students like
 - Provide roaming with other science institutions in the city, the state, the nation
 - Peering with a city wireless provider
 - Thus the "do it yourself people" give up
- Access only possible with an account registered in the IdM

18



Lessons learnt (1)

• If

- There is a central user base
 - The administration usually has one
- The user basis is up to date
 - This is the administration's task
- There are reliable central services (like mail)
 - The computer center should be able to deliver
- And the users in general use them
 - Because alternatives are somewhat difficult or less functional
- Then you can use this for new services making it more attractive
 - Central mailing lists to improve the flow of information
 - This requires "tender loving care" not spam
 - User self administration is necessary and must be respected
 - More services via self administration
 - Order semester tram ticket
 - Allow to collect money from the user bank account (authenticated) to pay for services

19

Lessons learnt (2)



- Process interaction is much deeper than originally expected
 - Would have been overlooked in a classical software approach
- Processes can be modernized so that they stay (or become) lean
 - But management has to work at the shop floor (from time to time)
- Stay mentally fresh and venture for new tasks:
 - Master Online:

4 out of 26 applications were from Freiburg 3 out of 5 successful applications are from Freiburg perhaps because they were not isolated plans, but part of a master plan of the university

- Make the right offers which suit faculties and institutes
 - Stop them from worrying about the present and the past
 - make them fly to the honey pot / lure them into the pot....
 - New Media leads to a working IdM

New targets... in a digital information age



User

- Access to licenced contents should be possible independent of location and access method
- All licenced content should be accessible after only one single registration (**Single Sign-On**).
- If possible do not pass on personal data

Institutions (for example universities)

• The institution must be able to choose any which authentication system and whatever identity management

provider

• The licenced contents of a provider must be protected against illegal access

What is Shibboleth?

- Shibboleth is an Internet2/MACE-project (MACE = Middleware Architecture Committee for Education)
- Shibboleth consists of
 - Architecture definition (protokols and profiles),
 - Deployment/usage guidelines
 - Open Source-Implementation

to achieve access to web resources across insitutiones

example: try to read your e-journals at anonther institution...

 Shibboleth uses a federated approach: Each institution manages and authenticates its own members and the information provider controls access to his resources

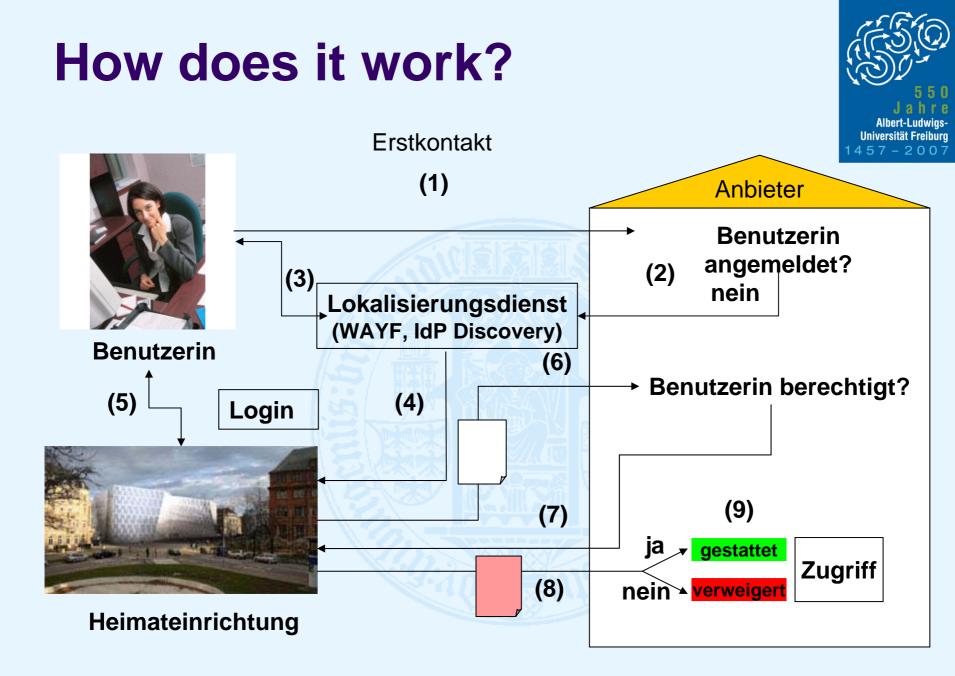




Five good reasons for Shibboleth

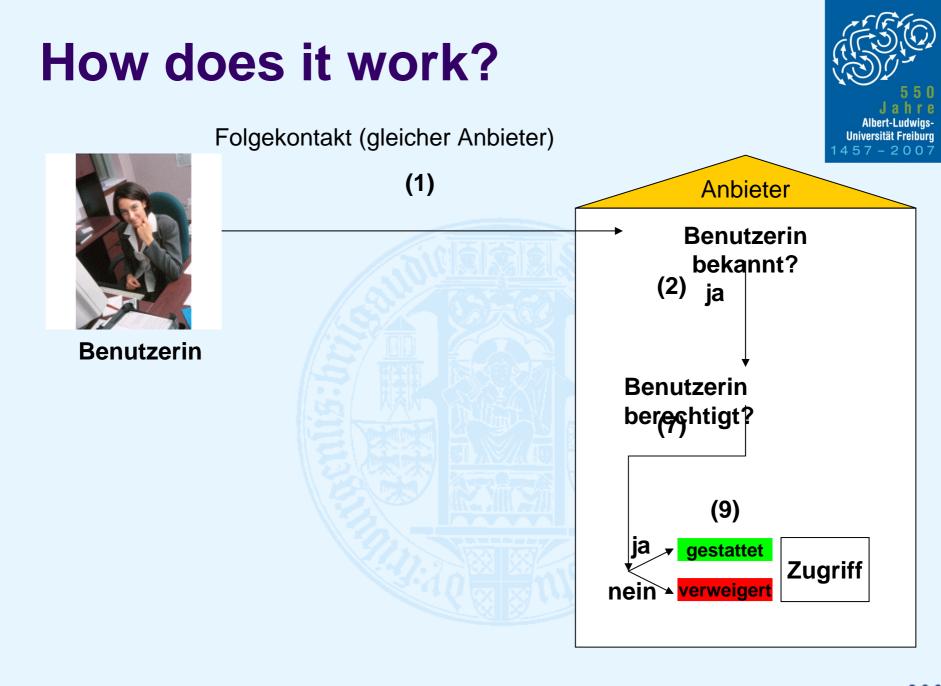


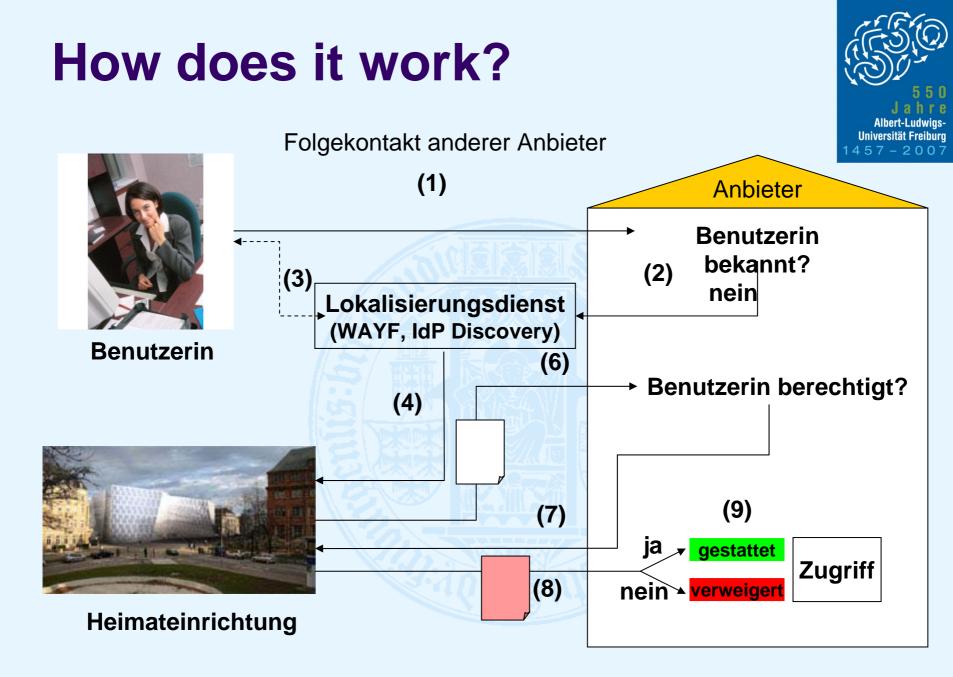
- Single Sign-On across institutions
- Authorisation and access control via attributes mit der Möglichkeit zur anonymen/pseudonymen Nutzung von Angeboten
- Based on approved software und standards (SAML: XML, SOAP, TLS, XMLsig, XMLenc)
- Integration with existing IdM and (web based) applications is relatively easy
- High acceptance world wide, even with (commercial) providers (Elsevier, JSTOR, EBSCO, Ovid, GBI, CSA, ...)



Ato Ruppert

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The federation DFN-AAI

- Why is there a problem?
 - Provider must trust the user
 - And the user is not known to them
 - After all there is money involved
 - "Trust" in business terms: "contract".
 - Therefore we need **real** (bullet proof?)conventions
 - We need rules for the technical operation
- **DFN-AAI** is a service of the DFN-Vereins, both for scientific institutions as well as for (commercial) providers of (information) resources.
- **DFN-AAI** ensures the necessary **trust relationship** and the **organisatorial and technical framework** for an exchange of user information between many users and many providers



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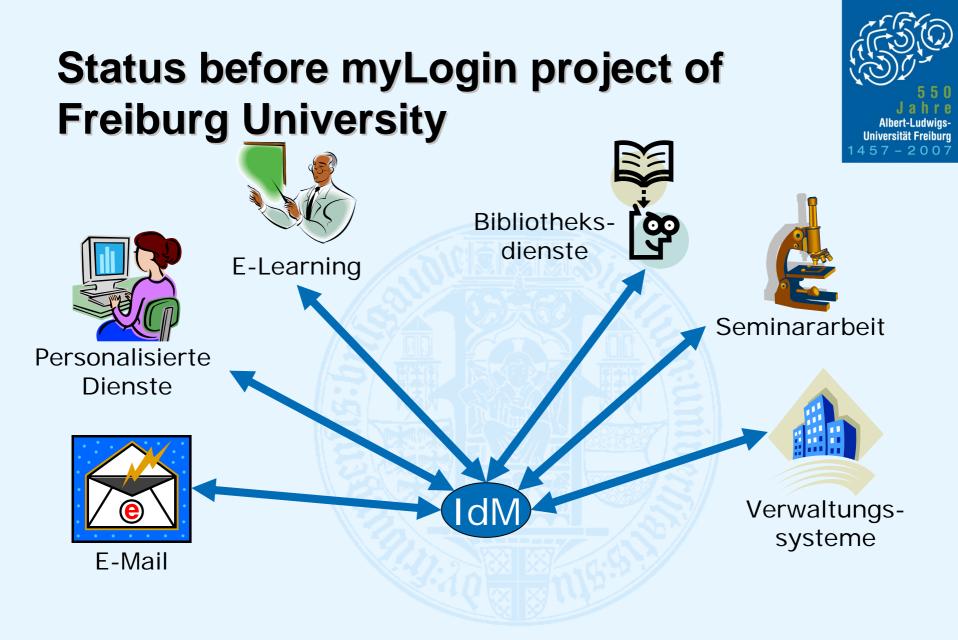
Usage scenarios

- Access to protected (esp. Commercial) electronic information
 - E-journals, data bases, e-books, ...
 - Portals (e.g. vascoda, ReDI)
 - DFG sponsored national licences
 - Repositories
- e-Learning
- e-Science
- Even administration systems
 - student grades
- Grid-Computing

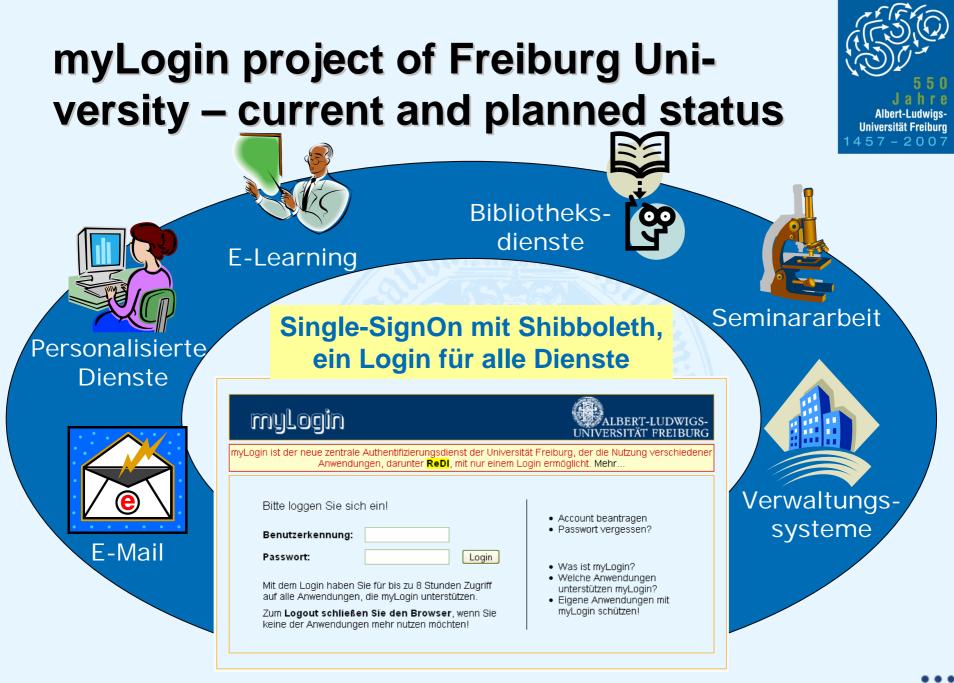
The myLogin project of Freiburg University

- basis:
 - The existion IdM-system of the myAccount allows self administering your own account
 - Many (internal) applications already use the central IdM (LDAP)
- target:
 - Single Sign-On for these applications
 - Uniform authentication and authorisation process
 - "hide"LDAP via an intermediate layer (IdP)
 - No login data can be kept in decentral application
- partners:
 - University library (AAR): operates Shibboleth und VHO
 - University computing centre (URZ): operates LDAP
 - Hospital computing centre (KRZ): operates KRZ-LDAP
 - Rectorate: IdM-provider (they know...)
- Time frame:
 - Started March 2007
 - In operation since 1.9.2007
 - Continuously expanded to new services









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