INSECTA TIVIDI A Journal of World Insect Systematics

0298

Preliminary checklist of the bees of St. Eustatius, Lesser Antilles (Hymenoptera: Apoidea: Anthophila)

> Stephen P. Bush Department of Biology Coastal Carolina University Conway, SC, USA

> > Hannah Madden

St. Eustatius National Parks Gallows Bay St. Eustatius, Netherlands Antilles/Dutch Caribbean

Date of Issue: May 10, 2013

Stephen P. Bush and Hannah Madden

Preliminary checklist of the bees of St. Eustatius, Lesser Antilles

(Hymenoptera: Apoidea: Anthophila)

Insecta Mundi 0298: 1-3

ZooBank Registered: urn:lsid:zoobank.org:pub:DD9782DB-E4B2-4342-BA01-603DEDEA5F09

Published in 2013 by

Center for Systematic Entomology, Inc.

P. O. Box 141874

Gainesville, FL 32614-1874 USA

http://www.centerforsystematicentomology.org/

Insecta Mundi is a journal primarily devoted to insect systematics, but articles can be published on any non-marine arthropod. Topics considered for publication include systematics, taxonomy, nomenclature, checklists, faunal works, and natural history. **Insecta Mundi** will not consider works in the applied sciences (i.e. medical entomology, pest control research, etc.), and no longer publishes book reviews or editorials. **Insecta Mundi** publishes original research or discoveries in an inexpensive and timely manner, distributing them free via open access on the internet on the date of publication.

Insecta Mundi is referenced or abstracted by several sources including the Zoological Record, CAB Abstracts, etc. **Insecta Mundi** is published irregularly throughout the year, with completed manuscripts assigned an individual number. Manuscripts must be peer reviewed prior to submission, after which they are reviewed by the editorial board to ensure quality. One author of each submitted manuscript must be a current member of the Center for Systematic Entomology. Manuscript preparation guidelines are available at the CSE website.

 $\textbf{Managing editor:} \ \text{Paul E. Skelley, e-mail: insectamundi@gmail.com}$

Production editor: Michael C. Thomas, Brian Armitage, Ian Stocks

Editorial board: J. H. Frank, M. J. Paulsen

Subject editors: G.B. Edwards, J. Eger, A. Rasmussen, F. Shockley, G. Steck, Ian Stocks, A. Van Pelt, J. Zaspel

Spanish editors: Julieta Brambila, Angélico Asenjo

Printed copies (ISSN 0749-6737) annually deposited in libraries:

CSIRO, Canberra, ACT, Australia

Museu de Zoologia, São Paulo, Brazil

Agriculture and Agrifood Canada, Ottawa, ON, Canada

The Natural History Museum, London, Great Britain

Muzeum i Instytut Zoologiczny PAN, Warsaw, Poland

National Taiwan University, Taipei, Taiwan

California Academy of Sciences, San Francisco, CA, USA

Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services, Gainesville, FL, USA

Field Museum of Natural History, Chicago, IL, USA

National Museum of Natural History, Smithsonian Institution, Washington, DC, USA

Zoological Institute of Russian Academy of Sciences, Saint-Petersburg, Russia

Electronic copies (On-Line ISSN 1942-1354, CDROM ISSN 1942-1362) in PDF format:

Printed CD or DVD mailed to all members at end of year. Archived digitally by Portico.

Florida Virtual Campus: http://purl.fcla.edu/fcla/insectamundi

University of Nebraska-Lincoln, Digital Commons: http://digitalcommons.unl.edu/insectamundi/Goethe-Universität, Frankfurt am Main: http://edocs.ub.uni-frankfurt.de/volltexte/2010/14363/

Author instructions available on the Insecta Mundi page at:

http://www.centerforsystematicentomology.org/insectamundi/

Copyright held by the author(s). This is an open access article distributed under the terms of the Creative Commons, Attribution Non-Commercial License, which permits unrestricted non-commercial use, distribution, and reproduction in any medium, provided the original author(s) and source are credited. http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc/3.0/



Preliminary checklist of the bees of St. Eustatius, Lesser Antilles (Hymenoptera: Apoidea: Anthophila)

Stephen P. Bush Department of Biology Coastal Carolina University Conway, SC, USA bush@coastal.edu

Hannah Madden

St. Eustatius National Parks Gallows Bay St. Eustatius, Netherlands Antilles/Dutch Caribbean

Abstract. We present a preliminary checklist of bees (Hymenoptera: Apoidea: Anthophila) compiled for St. Eustatius, an island located in the Lesser Antilles of the eastern Caribbean. The list has nine species, including six that have not been previously documented on St. Eustatius. One species is exotic to the Caribbean, one species is found only on St. Eustatius and St. Kitts, and five species occur elsewhere in the Lesser and Greater Antilles. Two of the collected specimens could not be assigned to a species; their geographical distributions are unknown.

Introduction

In many Neotropical regions the estimate of bee richness is very likely low due to a lack of sampling (Freitas et al. 2009). For example, although the Caribbean is considered to be a "hotspot" for biodiversity (Meyers et al. 2000), only a few bee species have been recorded for many of the Lesser Antillean islands (Freitas et al. 2009). Therefore, to increase knowledge of Caribbean bees, we have compiled a preliminary checklist of bees for the Lesser Antillean island of St. Eustatius, a volcanic island which is located in the eastern Caribbean (78°30'N; 62°58'W), and is 21 km² in size. The nearest neighboring islands are St. Kitts (approximately 10 km distant) and Saba (approximately 27 km distant). The climate of St. Eustatius is tropical and rainfall varies between 1500 and 2000 mm per year (Bland and Desutter-Grandcolas 2003). The majority of the native flora and fauna is found within the National Parks of St. Eustatius; either in secondary forests on hills of the northern end of the island or on the inner and outer slopes of the dormant Quill volcano.

Methods

Bees were collected in 2012 during a study of the pollinators of approximately 80 island plant species, and also during sampling forays dedicated exclusively to bee collection. The plant species that were pollinated by bees will be reported in a paper describing the pollination systems of select plants on St. Eustatius (Bush and Madden, in prep). Bees were captured with insect nets as they visited flowers. Most collections were made within primary or secondary forests of the national parks; some samples were collected from beaches, fields, and cliffs. Collected specimens were preserved in 95% ethanol and identified by an expert in bees of the region (J. Genaro). The checklist is grouped according to family, and species are ordered alphabetically within families. There are no proposed changes in taxonomy or in nomenclature.

Discussion

This preliminary checklist contains nine bee species, including six that have not been previously documented on St. Eustatius (Table 1). *Anthophora eustatiensis* Brooks and *Xylocopa mordax* Smith (Fig. 1) have been found before on the island (Brooks 1999, Moure 2012), and the precise introduction date of *Apis mellifera* Linnaeus is unknown. One species of *Lasioglossum* Curtis and one member of the *Megachile* Latreille genus could not be assigned to species, as only one individual of each was collected.



Figure 1. Xylocopa mordax Smith near the flowers of Solanum sp.

Table 1. Preliminary checklist of the bees of St. Eustatius.

Family Apidae Latreille

Anthophora (Mystacanthophora) eustatiensis Brooks Apis (Apis) mellifera Linnaeus Centris (Centris) decolorata Lepeletier Centris (Centris) smithii Cresson Centris (Heterocentris) lanipes (Fabricius) Mesoplia (Mesoplia) aff. rufipes (Perty) Xylocopa (Neoxylocopa) mordax Smith

Family Halictidae Thomson

 $Lasioglossum\ (Dialictus)\ {\rm sp.}$

Family Megachilidae Latreille

Megachile (*Pseudocentron*) sp.

The Megachile collected may be a subspecies of Megachile holosericea (Fabricius), or perhaps an undescribed species; it may also be Megachile vitraci Pérez (J. Genaro pers. com. 2012). Of the species collected, only A. mellifera is considered exotic to the Caribbean. Anthophora eustatiensis is endemic to the islands of St. Eustatius and St. Kitts (Brooks 1999), while Mesoplia aff. rufipes (Perty) (sensu Genaro and Franz 2008), X. mordax, Centris decolorata Lepeletier, Centris smithii Cresson, and Centris lanipes (Fabricius) are all found elsewhere in both the Greater and Lesser Antilles (Genaro and Franz 2008).

Acknowledgments

We are very grateful to Julio Genaro for bee identification. We are grateful to Megan Cevasco, Molly Rightmyer, and Stewart Peck for reviews and comments that improved this manuscript. We also thank Sam Kustel for assistance in bee collections. The National Parks of St. Eustatius provided extensive logistical support for this study. Lastly, we thank Coastal Carolina University for providing scholarly reassignment to S. Bush.

Literature Cited

- **Bland, R. G., and L. Desutter-Grandcolas. 2003.** An annotated list of Orthoptera from St. Eustatius and Saba, Dutch West Indies, with descriptions of two new cricket species (Trigonidiidae, Mogoplistidae). Journal of Orthoptera Research 12: 115-126.
- **Brooks, R. W. 1999.** Bees of the genus *Anthophora* Latreille 1803 (Hymenoptera Apidae Anthophorini) of the West Indies. Tropical Zoology 12: 105-124.
- **Genaro, J. A., and N. M. Franz. 2008.** Bees of greater Puerto Rico (Hymenoptera: Apoidea: Anthophila). Insecta Mundi 0040: 1-24.
- Freitas, B. M., V. L. Imperatriz-Fonseca, L. M. Medina, A. de Matos Peixoto Kleinert, L. Galetto, G. Nates-Parra, and J. J. G. Quezada-Euan. 2009. Diversity, threats, and conservation of native bees in the Neotropics. Apidologie 40: 332-346.
- Myers, N., R. A. Mittermeier, C. G. Mittermeier, G. A. B. da Fonseca, and J. Kent. 2000. Biodiversity hotspots for conservation priorities. Nature 403: 853-858.
- **Moure, J. S. 2012.** Xylocopini Latreille, 1802. *In*: J. S. Moure, D. Urban, and G. A. R. Melo (Orgs). Catalogue of bees (Hymenoptera, Apoidea) in the Neotropical Region online version. Available at http://www.moure.cria.org.br/catalogue. Accessed Jan/31/2013.

Received March 20, 2013; Accepted April 19, 2013.