Supplementary Material

The Role of PGE₂ in Alveolar Epithelial and Lung Microvascular Endothelial Crosstalk

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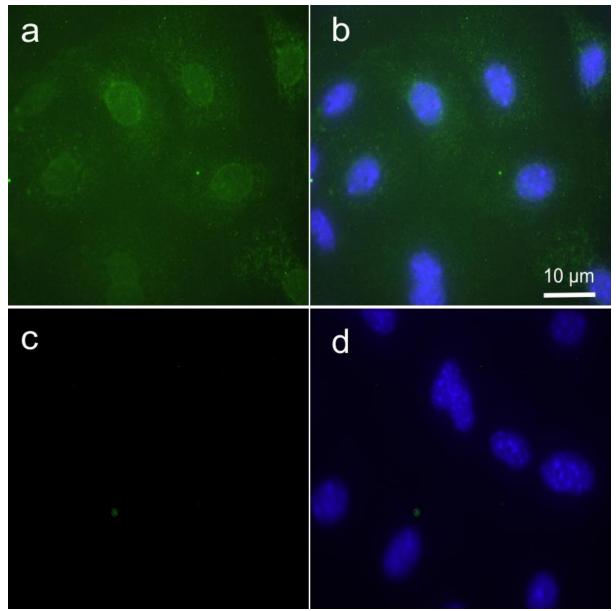


Fig S1. Primary mouse ATI-like cells express COX-1. Cells grown in chamber slides for 6 days were stained with an antibody directed against (a) COX-1 (green) (c) or a matching

isotype control. Samples were counterstained with DAPI to reveal localization of nuclei; **b** and d shows the overlay. Images are representative for 5 independent experiments.

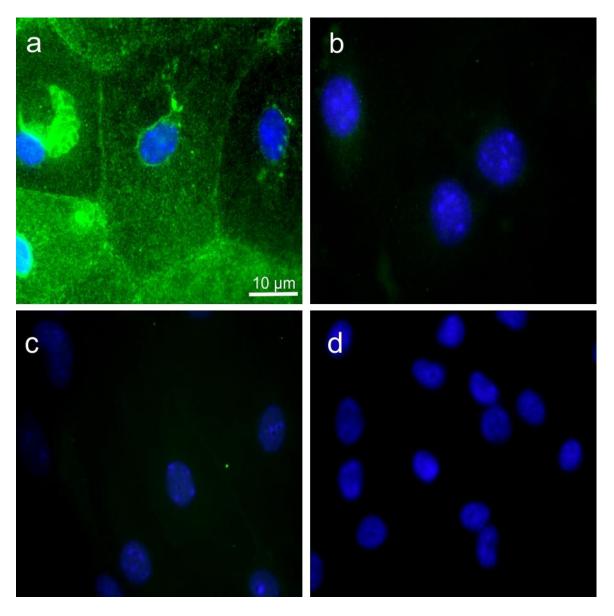


Fig S2. Cells isolated from murine lungs and cultured for 6 days on laminin 1 express AQP5. a shows AQP5-positive isolated murine ATI-like cells. Controls included (b) preincubation of antibody with blocking peptide, (c) incubation of cells with a matching isotype control and (d) a negative control using murine endothelial cells. Images are representative for 5 independent experiments.

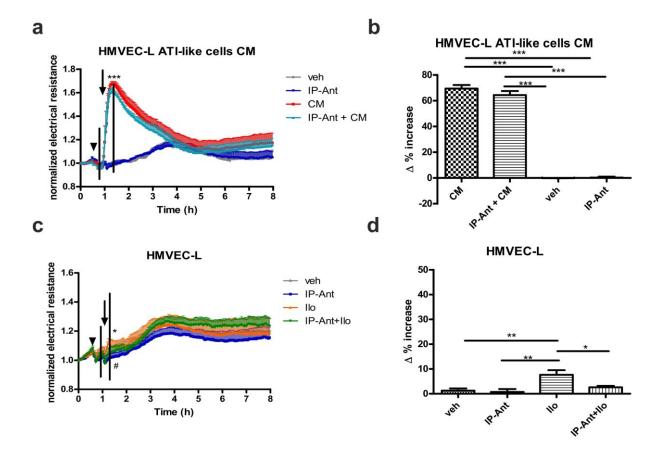


Fig S3. Conditioned medium (CM) from isolated mouse ATI-like cells increases endothelial barrier function independent of IP receptor activation. (a, c) HMVEC-L were grown on gold microelectrodes and were pretreated (arrowhead) with vehicle (Veh), or the IP antagonist Cay10441 (IP-Ant; 1 μ M). (a) CM from ATI-like cells or (c) iloprost (Ilo; 500 nM) were added (indicated by arrow). To detect differences in barrier function (measured as change in resistance), Δ % values were calculated. The black lines mark the time points which were used to calculate Δ % increase shown in (b, d). a, c: Data show mean normalized resistance + SEMs; b, d: Δ % increase was calculated by subtracting normalized resistance of the first time point marked in a and c from the second time point, and multiplying the value with 100. Statistical analysis was performed using two-way ANOVA and Tukey's multiple comparison test for a and one-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's post hoc test for b; n=4, * p<0.05; ** p<0.01; *** p<0.001; * vs vehicle; # antagonist + iloprost vs iloprost alone.

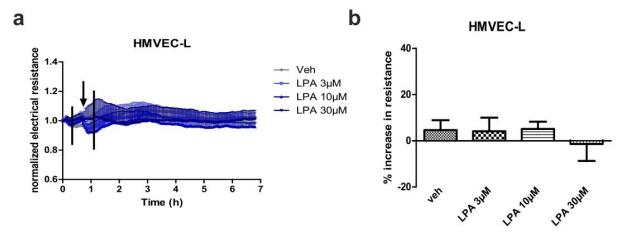


Fig S4. LPA does not alter endothelial barrier function. HMVEC-L were grown on gold microelectrodes and were treated with vehicle or increasing concentrations of lysophosphatidic acid (LPA) (arrow). To detect differences in barrier function (measured as change in resistance), Δ % values were calculated. The black lines mark the time points which were used to calculate Δ % increase shown in (b). a: Data show mean normalized resistance + SEMs; b: Δ % increase was calculated by subtracting normalized resistance of the first time point marked in a from the second time point, and multiplying the value with 100. Statistical analysis was performed using two-way ANOVA and Tukey's multiple comparison test for a and one-way ANOVA followed by Bonferroni's post hoc test for b; n=3. Significance was not detected.