Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online
ISSN 1600-5368

## Trithiacyanuric acid: a second triclinic polymorph

Iván Brito, ${ }^{\text {a }}{ }^{*}$ Joselyn Albanez ${ }^{\text {a }}$ and Michael Bolte ${ }^{\text {b }}$

${ }^{\text {a D Departamento de Química, Facultad de Ciencias Básicas, Universidad de }}$ Antofagasta, Casilla 170, Antofagasta, Chile, and ${ }^{\mathbf{b}}$ Institut für Anorganische Chemie der Goethe-Universität Frankfurt, Max-von-Laue-Strasse 7, D-60438 Frankfurt am Main, Germany
Correspondence e-mail: ivanbritob@yahoo.com

Received 5 August 2010; accepted 18 August 2010
Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=173 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C})=0.009 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.077 ; w R$ factor $=0.210$; data-to-parameter ratio $=14.1$.

The title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{~S}_{3}$, is a triclinic modification. The other reported modification crystallizes with just one molecule in the asymmetric unit, [Guo et al. (2006). Cryst. Growth Des. 6, 846-848] and was solved by power X-ray diffraction data. The present modification has $Z^{\prime}=2$. In the crystal, molecules are linked by strong intramolecular $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bonds with set graph-motif $R_{2}^{2}(8)$. In both molecules, all of the N atoms and two of the S atoms are involved in hydrogen bonding, with an average $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ distance of $2.58 \AA$ and $\mathrm{N}-$ $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ angles in the range $163-167^{\circ} . \pi-\pi$ stacking interactions are not observed. In the solid state, the molecules exist in the thione form. The molecular and supramolecular properties are similar in both polymorphs.

## Related literature

For general background to trithiacyanuric acid, see: Henke et al., (2000); Iltzsch \& Tankersley (1993, 1994); Clegg et al. (1998); Yamanari et al. (1993); Bailey et al. (2001); Hunks et al. (1999); Tzeng et al. (1997). For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein et al. (1995). For the other triclinic polymorph of trithiacyanuric acid, see: Guo et al. (2006). For the biological properties of trithiacyanuric acid, see: Iltzsch \& Tankersley (1993, 1994).


## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{~S}_{3}$
$M_{r}=177.26$
Triclinic, $P \overline{1}$
$a=6.9690$ (11) $\AA$
$b=8.807$ (1) $\AA$
$c=11.3557(16) \AA$
$\alpha=78.96(1)^{\circ}$
$\beta=75.072(12)^{\circ}$

## Data collection

Stoe IPDS II two-circle diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (MULABS; Spek, 2003;
Blessing, 1995)

$$
T_{\min }=0.766, T_{\max }=0.803
$$

## Refinement

$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.077 \quad 163$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.210$
$S=0.91$
2292 reflections
$\gamma=77.234(11)^{\circ}$
$V=650.07(16) \AA^{3}$
$Z=4$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=1.04 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=173 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.27 \times 0.25 \times 0.22 \mathrm{~mm}$

5659 measured reflections 2292 independent reflections 1344 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.111$

H -atom parameters constrained
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.81 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.51 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Table 1
Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $\AA^{\circ},{ }^{\circ}$ ).

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1 A^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.88 | 2.53 | $3.383(7)$ | 163 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \cdots \mathrm{~S} 5 A^{\mathrm{ii}}$ | 0.88 | 2.62 | $3.473(6)$ | 165 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6 \cdots \mathrm{~S} 5 A$ | 0.88 | 2.62 | $3.480(6)$ | 166 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2 A-\mathrm{H} 2 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1^{\mathrm{iii}}$ | 0.88 | 2.48 | $3.342(7)$ | 167 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4 A-\mathrm{H} 4 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 5^{\mathrm{iv}}$ | 0.88 | 2.64 | $3.500(6)$ | 167 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 6 A-\mathrm{H} 6 A \cdots \mathrm{~S} 5$ | 0.88 | 2.61 | $3.476(6)$ | 167 |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z-1$; (ii) $x, y-1, z$; (iii) $x, y, z+1$; (iv) $x, y+1, z$.
Data collection: $X-A R E A$ (Stoe \& Cie, 2001); cell refinement: $X$ $A R E A$; data reduction: $X$ - $A R E A$; program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: XP (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

We thank the Spanish Research Council (CSIC) for providing us with a free-of-charge licence for the CSD system. JA thanks the Universidad de Antofagasta for a PhD fellowship.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: FL2313).

## References

Bailey, J. R., Hatfield, M. J., Henke, K. R., Krepps, J. L., Morris, T., Otieno, K. D., Simonetti, E. A., Wall, D. A. \& Atwood, J. (2001). Organomet. Chem. 623, 185-190.
Bernstein, J., Davis, R. E., Shimoni, L. \& Chang, N.-L. (1995). Angew. Chem. Int. Ed. Engl. 34, 1555-1573.
Blessing, R. H. (1995). Acta Cryst. A51, 33-38.
Clegg, W., Davies, J. E., Elsegood, M. R. J., Lamb, E., Longridge, J. J., Rawson, J. M., Snaith, R. \& Wheatley, A. E. H. (1998). Inorg. Chem. Commun. 1, 5860.

Guo, F., Cheung, E. Y., Harris, K. D. \& Pedireddi, V. R. (2006). Cryst. Growth Des. 6, 846-848.

## organic compounds

Henke, K. R., Roberton, D., Krepps, M. K. \& Atwood, D. A. (2000). Water Res. 34, 3005-3013.
Hunks, W. J., Jennings, M. C. \& Puddephatt, R. J. (1999). Inorg. Chem. 38, 5930-5931.
Iltzsch, M. \& Tankersley, K. O. (1993). Biochem. Pharmacol. 46, 1849-1858. Iltzsch, M. \& Tankersley, K. O. (1994). Biochem. Pharmacol. 48, 781-791.
Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). Acta Cryst. A64, 112-122.

Spek, A. L. (2003). J. Appl. Cryst. 36, 7-13.
Stoe \& Cie (2001). $X$-AREA. Stoe \& Cie, Darmstadt, Germany
Tzeng, B.-C., Che, C.-M. \& Peng, S.-M. (1997). J. Chem. Soc. Chem. Commun. pp. 1771-1772.
Yamanari, K., Kushi, Y., Yamamoto, M., Fuyuhiro, A., Kaizaki, S., Kawamoto, T. \& Kushi, Y. (1993). J. Chem. Soc. Dalton Trans. pp. 3715-3721.

## supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2010). E66, o2382-o2383 [ doi:10.1107/S1600536810033234]

## Trithiacyanuric acid: a second triclinic polymorph

I. Brito, J. Albanez and M. Bolte

## Comment

Trithiocyanuric acid and its trisodium salt are widely applied in industry, analytical chemistry and biochemistry. For example its trisodium salt is used as a precipitating agent for many heavy metals from contaminated water (Henke et al., 2000). Moreover, it was found that the acid inhibits the Toxoplasma gondii uracil phosphoribosyltransferase enzyme in vitro better than 5-fluorouracil and emimcin compounds showing an antitoxoplasmal activity (Iltzsch et al., 1993, 1994). The title compound bearing three $\mathrm{N}, S$ donor sets can display a great versatility of coordination As a matter of fact it can use from one to all the six of its donor atoms (Clegg et al., 1998; Yamanari et al., 1993) to form polynuclear complexes (Bailey et al., 2001; Hunks et al., 1999). Its capability to act as a bridging ligand is also shown in polymeric compounds (Tzeng et al., 1997). The structure of compound (II) (Guo et al., 2006) was solved by powder X-ray diffraction using the direct-space genetic algorithm technique for structure solution followed by Rietveldt refinement. The authors were unable to obtain single-crystals due to the title compound having a strong propensity to form co-crystals (solvates) in crystallization experiments from the types of solvents in which it is readily soluble. They reported that their modification crystallized with just one molecule in the asymmetric unit, $(Z=2)$ from density considerations.

We are particularly interested in the utility of the title compound due its great versatility for the fabrication of different coordination polymers. We report here the structure of a new polymorph of (I) isolated during attempts to synthetize coordination polymers between (I) and $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}, ~ \mathrm{Fig} 1$. The present modification has $Z=2$. The bond lengths $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{S}$ and $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}$ are 1.658 (7) $\AA$ and 1.355 (9) $\AA$. The two molecules in the asymmetric unit are linked by two strong $\mathrm{N} — \mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ intramolecular hydrogen bonds with set graph-motif $R_{2}^{2}(8)$ (Bernstein et al., 1995), Fig 2. In both molecules of the asymmetric unit all of the nitrogen atoms and two of the sulfur atoms are involved in hydrogen bonding with an average $\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{S}$ distance of 2.58 $\AA$ and $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}-\mathrm{S}$ angle ranging from $163-167^{\circ}$ (Table 1). $\pi-\pi$ stacking interactions were not observed. In the solid state the title compound exists in the thione form.

The common feature of both polymorphs is that the crystal structure comprises sheets of molecules. In (I) these sheets are parallel to (100) and in (II) parallel to (1-20) planes (consistent with the fact that the PXRD pattern has a peak of dominant intesity, indexed as (1-20)). Within the sheets, there is extensive $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bonding. Each $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H}$ bond is a donor in one $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bond, but the S atoms in the molecule differ in their behavior as hydrogen bond acceptors. Thus, one $S$ atom (in both molecules of the aymmetric unit of (I)) accepts two $N-H \cdots S$ hydrogen bonds, one $S$ atom accepts one $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{S}$ hydrogen bond, and the other S atom is not involved in any hydrogen bonding (Table 1). In the hydrogen bonding network groups of six molecules are arranged in a cyclic manner, at the center of which four $S$ atoms (including two $S$ atoms not involved in hydrogen bonding) are in van der Waals contact ( $\mathrm{S} \cdots \mathrm{S} 3.40-3.90 \AA$ for (I) and 3.37-3.52 $\AA$ for (II)).In general the molecular and supramolecular properties are similar in both polymorphs.

## supplementary materials

## Experimental

A solution containing 1:1 molar ratio of $\mathrm{PdCl}_{2}(0.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 35.6 \mathrm{mg})$ and trihiocyanuric acid $(0.2 \mathrm{mmol}, 35.5 \mathrm{mg})$ in acetonitrile/chloroform (1:1) was stirred at room temperature for 30 min , and the mixture was filtered. Yellow single crystals suitable for X-ray investigation were obtained from above filtrate by slow evaporation of the solution. FT-IR (KBr, pellets, $\left.\mathrm{cm}^{-1}\right): v(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}) 1530 \mathrm{~s}, 1358 \mathrm{~m}, 1117 \mathrm{~s} ; v(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{S}) 785 \mathrm{w}, 744 \mathrm{w} ; v(\mathrm{~N}-\mathrm{H}) 3492 \mathrm{w}$.

## Refinement

All H atoms were placed in idealized positions with $\mathrm{d}(\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{H})=0.88 \AA$ and refined using a riding model with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})$ fixed at $1.2 U_{\mathrm{eq}}(\mathrm{N})$.

## Figures



Fig. 1. The two molecules in the asymmetric unit of the title compound with displacement ellipsoids at the $50 \%$ probability level.


Fig. 2. Crystal structure of (I) showing a single sheet viewed along [010] direction.

## 1,3,5-Triazine-2,4,6-trithiol

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{3} \mathrm{H}_{3} \mathrm{~N}_{3} \mathrm{~S}_{3}$
$M_{r}=177.26$
Triclinic, $P \overline{1}$
Hall symbol: -P 1
$a=6.9690(11) \AA$
$b=8.807$ (1) $\AA$
$c=11.3557(16) \AA$
$\alpha=78.96(1)^{\circ}$
$\beta=75.072$ (12 $^{\circ}$
$\gamma=77.234(11)^{\circ}$
$V=650.07(16) \AA^{3}$

$$
\begin{aligned}
& Z=4 \\
& F(000)=360 \\
& D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.811 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{~m}^{-3} \\
& \text { Mo } K \alpha \text { radiation, } \lambda=0.71073 \AA \\
& \text { Cell parameters from } 3753 \text { reflections } \\
& \theta=3.5-25.8^{\circ} \\
& \mu=1.04 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1} \\
& T=173 \mathrm{~K} \\
& \text { Block, light yellow } \\
& 0.27 \times 0.25 \times 0.22 \mathrm{~mm}
\end{aligned}
$$

## Data collection

Stoe IPDS II two-circle
diffractometer
Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
2292 independent reflections
1344 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
graphite
$\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan (MULABS; Spek, 2003; Blessing, 1995)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.766, T_{\text {max }}=0.803$
5659 measured reflections

$$
\begin{aligned}
& R_{\mathrm{int}}=0.111 \\
& \theta_{\max }=25.0^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=3.5^{\circ} \\
& h=-8 \rightarrow 8 \\
& k=-10 \rightarrow 10 \\
& l=-13 \rightarrow 13
\end{aligned}
$$

## Refinement

## Refinement on $F^{2}$

Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.077$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.210$
$S=0.91$

2292 reflections
163 parameters
0 restraints

Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods
Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
H -atom parameters constrained
$w=1 /\left[\sigma^{2}\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}\right)+(0.1165 P)^{2}\right]$
where $P=\left(F_{\mathrm{o}}{ }^{2}+2 F_{\mathrm{c}}{ }^{2}\right) / 3$
$(\Delta / \sigma)_{\text {max }}<0.001$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {max }}=0.81 \mathrm{e} \AA^{-3}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.51$ e $\AA^{-3}$

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving 1.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of $F^{2}$ against ALL reflections. The weighted $R$-factor $w R$ and goodness of fit $S$ are based on $F^{2}$, conventional $R$-factors $R$ are based on $F$, with $F$ set to zero for negative $F^{2}$. The threshold expression of $F^{2}>\sigma\left(F^{2}\right)$ is used only for calculating $R$ factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. $R$-factors based on $F^{2}$ are statistically about twice as large as those based on $F$, and $R$ - factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters $\left(A^{2}\right)$

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\text {eq }}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | $0.2566(3)$ | $0.6245(2)$ | $0.36799(18)$ | $0.0446(5)$ |
| S3 | $0.2538(3)$ | $0.0251(2)$ | $0.37171(18)$ | $0.0517(6)$ |
| S5 | $0.2656(3)$ | $0.2258(2)$ | $0.77989(16)$ | $0.0442(5)$ |
| C1 | $0.2473(10)$ | $0.4435(8)$ | $0.4452(7)$ | $0.0387(17)$ |
| N2 | $0.2307(9)$ | $0.3231(6)$ | $0.3934(6)$ | $0.0407(14)$ |
| H2 | 0.2101 | 0.3456 | 0.3183 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| C3 | $0.2428(11)$ | $0.1690(8)$ | $0.4463(7)$ | $0.0399(17)$ |
| N4 | $0.2461(9)$ | $0.1472(7)$ | $0.5705(5)$ | $0.0439(15)$ |
| H4 | 0.2420 | 0.0523 | 0.6120 | $0.053^{*}$ |
| C5 | $0.2551(11)$ | $0.2619(8)$ | $0.6317(7)$ | $0.0452(19)$ |
| N6 | $0.2608(9)$ | $0.4071(7)$ | $0.5642(5)$ | $0.0399(14)$ |
| H6 | 0.2742 | 0.4825 | 0.6007 | $0.048^{*}$ |


|  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1A | $0.2459(3)$ | $0.3512(2)$ | $1.08995(17)$ | $0.0444(5)$ |
| S3A | $0.2355(4)$ | $0.9528(2)$ | $1.0898(2)$ | $0.0534(6)$ |
| S5A | $0.2560(3)$ | $0.7492(2)$ | $0.67644(18)$ | $0.0448(5)$ |
| C1A | $0.2520(11)$ | $0.5327(9)$ | $1.0160(7)$ | $0.0454(19)$ |
| N2A | $0.2401(9)$ | $0.6582(6)$ | $1.0724(6)$ | $0.0410(14)$ |
| H2A | 0.2276 | 0.6413 | 1.1527 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| C3A | $0.2460(11)$ | $0.8090(8)$ | $1.0143(7)$ | $0.0416(17)$ |
| N4A | $0.2538(9)$ | $0.8283(7)$ | $0.8917(6)$ | $0.0426(15)$ |
| H4A | 0.2531 | 0.9246 | 0.8521 | $0.051^{*}$ |
| C5A | $0.2627(11)$ | $0.7150(8)$ | $0.8237(7)$ | $0.0406(17)$ |
| N6A | $0.2661(9)$ | $0.5667(6)$ | $0.8916(6)$ | $0.0422(14)$ |
| H6A | 0.2783 | 0.4876 | 0.8515 | $0.051^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| S1 | $0.0670(12)$ | $0.0315(9)$ | $0.0349(10)$ | $-0.0101(8)$ | $-0.0176(8)$ | $0.0060(7)$ |
| S3 | $0.0823(14)$ | $0.0341(10)$ | $0.0403(11)$ | $-0.0080(9)$ | $-0.0232(10)$ | $0.0003(9)$ |
| S5 | $0.0698(13)$ | $0.0347(9)$ | $0.0289(10)$ | $-0.0112(8)$ | $-0.0175(9)$ | $0.0039(8)$ |
| C1 | $0.041(4)$ | $0.037(4)$ | $0.036(4)$ | $-0.006(3)$ | $-0.016(3)$ | $0.008(3)$ |
| N2 | $0.055(4)$ | $0.033(3)$ | $0.037(3)$ | $-0.007(3)$ | $-0.018(3)$ | $-0.005(3)$ |
| C3 | $0.053(4)$ | $0.027(3)$ | $0.036(4)$ | $-0.003(3)$ | $-0.013(3)$ | $0.004(3)$ |
| N4 | $0.068(4)$ | $0.034(3)$ | $0.033(3)$ | $-0.009(3)$ | $-0.021(3)$ | $0.000(3)$ |
| C5 | $0.046(4)$ | $0.040(4)$ | $0.040(4)$ | $-0.007(3)$ | $-0.011(3)$ | $0.017(3)$ |
| N6 | $0.055(4)$ | $0.037(3)$ | $0.031(3)$ | $-0.009(3)$ | $-0.018(3)$ | $0.001(3)$ |
| S1A | $0.0619(12)$ | $0.0318(9)$ | $0.0384(11)$ | $-0.0096(8)$ | $-0.0169(8)$ | $0.0069(8)$ |
| S3A | $0.0864(15)$ | $0.0364(10)$ | $0.0400(11)$ | $-0.0104(9)$ | $-0.0230(10)$ | $-0.0008(8)$ |
| S5A | $0.0616(12)$ | $0.0381(10)$ | $0.0333(10)$ | $-0.0080(8)$ | $-0.0162(8)$ | $0.0047(8)$ |
| C1A | $0.045(4)$ | $0.046(4)$ | $0.041(4)$ | $-0.008(3)$ | $-0.008(3)$ | $0.004(4)$ |
| N2A | $0.061(4)$ | $0.025(3)$ | $0.037(3)$ | $-0.010(2)$ | $-0.015(3)$ | $0.003(3)$ |
| C3A | $0.053(4)$ | $0.044(4)$ | $0.026(4)$ | $-0.005(3)$ | $-0.013(3)$ | $0.001(3)$ |
| N4A | $0.058(4)$ | $0.032(3)$ | $0.036(3)$ | $-0.008(3)$ | $-0.018(3)$ | $0.008(3)$ |
| C5A | $0.052(4)$ | $0.043(4)$ | $0.027(4)$ | $-0.003(3)$ | $-0.021(3)$ | $0.004(3)$ |
| N6A | $0.063(4)$ | $0.027(3)$ | $0.037(3)$ | $-0.007(3)$ | $-0.018(3)$ | $0.003(3)$ |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $1.672(6)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.632(8)$ |
| $\mathrm{S} 5-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.669(8)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2$ | $1.346(9)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 6$ | $1.350(9)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $1.368(8)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 0.8800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | $1.392(9)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $1.352(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4$ | 0.8800 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 6$ | $1.362(8)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 0.8800 |


| S1A-C1A | $1.662(7)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| S3A-C3A | $1.639(8)$ |
| S5A-C5A | $1.652(7)$ |
| C1A-N2A | $1.357(10)$ |
| C1A-N6A | $1.369(10)$ |
| N2A-C3A | $1.370(8)$ |
| N2A-H2A | 0.8800 |
| C3A-N4A | $1.359(9)$ |
| N4A-C5A | $1.356(10)$ |
| N4A-H4A | 0.8800 |
| C5A-N6A | $1.382(9)$ |
| N6A-H6A | 0.8800 |

## sup-4

supplementary materials

| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 6$ | $115.1(6)$ |
| :--- | :--- |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 1$ | $122.9(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{S} 1$ | $122.0(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $126.4(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 116.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 116.8 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | $113.0(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{S} 3$ | $123.7(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{S} 3$ | $123.3(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $124.5(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4$ | 117.8 |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4$ | 117.8 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 6$ | $115.9(7)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{S} 5$ | $121.8(5)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{S} 5$ | $122.3(7)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $124.7(7)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 117.7 |
| $\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{H} 6$ | 117.7 |
| $\mathrm{~N} 6-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $-5.6(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3$ | $172.9(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4$ | $8.8(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{S} 3$ | $-170.8(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-5.7(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{S} 3-\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $173.9(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 6$ | $0.1(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{C} 3-\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{S} 5$ | $-178.1(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-1.2(10)$ |
| $\mathrm{S} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{C} 5$ | $-179.7(6)$ |
| $\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{C} 5-\mathrm{N} 6-\mathrm{C} 1$ | $3.7(10)$ |
| S5-C5-N6-C1 | $-178.1(5)$ |
|  |  |


| N2A-C1A-N6A | 114.9 (6) |
| :---: | :---: |
| N2A-C1A-S1A | 123.6 (6) |
| N6A-C1A-S1A | 121.5 (6) |
| C1A-N2A-C3A | 125.2 (6) |
| $\mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{H} 2 \mathrm{~A}$ | 117.4 |
| C3A-N2A-H2A | 117.4 |
| N4A-C3A-N2A | 114.2 (7) |
| N4A-C3A-S3A | 123.9 (6) |
| N2A-C3A-S3A | 121.8 (6) |
| C5A-N4A-C3A | 127.0 (6) |
| C5A-N4A-H4A | 116.5 |
| C3A-N4A-H4A | 116.5 |
| N4A-C5A-N6A | 113.3 (6) |
| N4A-C5A-S5A | 124.2 (5) |
| N6A-C5A-S5A | 122.4 (6) |
| C1A-N6A-C5A | 125.4 (7) |
| C1A-N6A-H6A | 117.3 |
| C5A-N6A-H6A | 117.3 |
| $\mathrm{N} 6 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~A}$ | -1.6(10) |
| S1A-C1A-N2A-C3A | 179.6 (6) |
| C1A-N2A-C3A-N4A | 3.6 (10) |
| C1A-N2A-C3A-S3A | -178.6 (6) |
| $\mathrm{N} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | -2.3 (11) |
| S3A-C3A-N4A-C5A | -180.0 (6) |
| $\mathrm{C} 3 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 4 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 6 \mathrm{~A}$ | -0.8(10) |
| C3A-N4A-C5A-S5A | 175.6 (6) |
| $\mathrm{N} 2 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 1 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{N} 6 \mathrm{~A}-\mathrm{C} 5 \mathrm{~A}$ | -2.1 (11) |
| S1A-C1A-N6A-C5A | 176.8 (6) |
| N4A-C5A-N6A-C1A | 3.2 (10) |
| S5A-C5A-N6A-C1A | -173.3 (6) |

Hydrogen-bond geometry ( $A$, ${ }^{\circ}$ )

| $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{A}$ | $D-\mathrm{H}$ | $\mathrm{H} \cdots \mathrm{A}$ | $D \cdots A$ | $D-\mathrm{H} \cdots A$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\mathrm{N} 2-\mathrm{H} 2 \cdots \mathrm{~S} 1 \mathrm{~A}^{\mathrm{i}}$ | 0.88 | 2.53 | 3.383 (7) | 163. |
| $\mathrm{N} 4-\mathrm{H} 4 \cdots \mathrm{~S} 5 \mathrm{~A}^{\text {ii }}$ | 0.88 | 2.62 | 3.473 (6) | 165. |
| N6-H6 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ S5A | 0.88 | 2.62 | 3.480 (6) | 166. |
| N2A-H2A $\cdots$ S $1^{\text {iii }}$ | 0.88 | 2.48 | 3.342 (7) | 167. |
| N4A-H4A $\cdots$ S $5^{\text {iv }}$ | 0.88 | 2.64 | 3.500 (6) | 167. |
| N6A-H6A $\cdots$ S5 | 0.88 | 2.61 | 3.476 (6) | 167. |

Symmetry codes: (i) $x, y, z-1$; (ii) $x, y-1, z$; (iii) $x, y, z+1$; (iv) $x, y+1, z$.

## supplementary materials

Fig. 1



Fig. 2


