

New records of Cerambycidae (Coleoptera) from the United States

Five new records of Cerambycidae for the United States, all from Southern Texas, are presented. Specimens are deposited in the collections of Texas A&M University and the author unless otherwise indicated.

Styloxus oblatipilis Chemsak & Linsley

Numerous specimens were collected at lights in Bentsen-Rio Grande State Park, Hidalgo Co., TX in late July and early August. Linsley (1962) and Hovore, Penrose and Neck (1987) considered the *Styloxus* which had been infrequently collected in Southern Texas to be *Styloxus f. fulleri* (Horn). However, *S. f. fulleri* is generally larger and collected from October to March in the region between San Antonio and Big Bend. No specimens of *S. f. fulleri* have been examined from Southern Texas, but a specimen from Zimipino, Hidalgo, Mexico, Jan. 1952, in the Washington State University Collection was examined.

Acyphoderes suavis Bates

One specimen, in the collection of University of California, Riverside, has the following data: TX: Hidalgo Co., Santa Ana NWR, May 26, 1980, S. Heydon coll. (L. Bezark, Sacramento, CA, pers. comm).

Adetus sp. near *bacillarius* Bates

E. G. Riley, College Station, TX, discovered this small cerambycid in 1987 at Palmito Hill, Cameron Co., TX on *Croton humilis*. Subsequent visits to this site have found this species to be relatively common and active in April, May and October. Determining the appropriate name for this species may require a thorough study of the neotropical forms of *Adetus*.

Leptostylus cretatellus Bates

Since 1989, numerous specimens have been taken in and near the Sabal Palm Grove Sanctuary, Brownsville, Cameron Co. TX. by beating dead branches and rearing from dead branches of *Leucaena pulverulenta*.

Essostrutha laeta Newman

One specimen: TX: Hidalgo Co., Mission, June, 1982. It was captured in flight at a golf course (J. Taylor, Katy, TX, pers. comm).

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Literature Cited

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