Acta Crystallographica Section E

## Structure Reports

Online
ISSN 1600-5368

## Redetermination of 1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo[4.4.1.1 ${ }^{3,8}$ ]dodecane

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Received 1 February 2014; accepted 4 February 2014

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T=173 \mathrm{~K}$; mean $\sigma(\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C})=0.004 \AA$; $R$ factor $=0.050 ; w R$ factor $=0.141$; data-to-parameter ratio $=14.7$.

The structure of the title compound, $\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$, which consists of four fused seven-membered rings, has been redetermined at 173 K . This redetermination corrects the orientation of two H atoms, which were located at unrealistic positions in the original room-temperature study [Murray-Rust (1974). J. Chem. Soc. Perkin Trans. 2, pp. 1136-1141]. The complete molecule is generated by $\overline{4} 2 m$ symmetry, with one quarter of a molecule [one N atom (site symmetry $m$ ), two C atoms (one with site symmetry $m$ and the other with site symmetry 2 ) and two $H$ atoms] in the asymmetric unit. No directional interactions beyond van der Waals contacts are apparent in the crystal structure.

## Related literature

For the original synthesis procedure, see: Bischoff (1898). For the previous determination of the structure, see: Murray-Rust (1974). For crystal structures containing the title compound as a fragment, see: Rivera et al. (2007); Glister et al. (2005). For a description of the Cambridge Crystallographic Database, see: Allen et al. (2002).

## Experimental

Crystal data
$\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$
$M_{r}=168.25$
Tetragonal, $I \overline{4} 2 \mathrm{~m}$
$a=7.4065$ (7) Å
$c=7.6235$ ( 8 ) $\AA$
$V=418.20(9) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=173 \mathrm{~K}$
$0.32 \times 0.28 \times 0.27 \mathrm{~mm}$

## Data collection

Stoe IPDS II two-circle diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan
( $X$-AREA; Stoe \& Cie, 2001)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.973, T_{\text {max }}=0.977$
4336 measured reflections 264 independent reflections 264 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$ $R_{\text {int }}=0.049$

Refinement
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.050 \quad 18$ parameters
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.141 \quad$ H-atom parameters constrained
$S=1.12$
264 reflections
$\Delta \rho_{\max }=0.27 \mathrm{e}_{\AA^{-3}}$
$\Delta \rho_{\text {min }}=-0.17 \mathrm{e}^{-3}$

Data collection: $X$-AREA (Stoe \& Cie, 2001); cell refinement: $X$ $A R E A$; data reduction: $X-A R E A ;$ program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXS97 (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXL97 (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: XP in SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXL97.

We acknowledge the Dirección de Investigaciones, Sede Bogotá (DIB) de la Universidad Nacional de Colombia, for financial support of this work.

Supporting information for this paper is available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HB7192).

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## supporting information

Acta Cryst. (2014). E70, o266 [doi:10.1107/S1600536814002608]

# Redetermination of 1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo[4.4.1.1 $\left.{ }^{3,8}\right]$ dodecane 

Augusto Rivera, Jaime Ríos-Motta and Michael Bolte

## S1. Comment

The crystal structure of the title compound, a fully saturated cage-like molecule, was first reported (Murray-Rust, 1974) at room temperature. This heterocyclic system is of considerable conformational interest. While by now the structure of the molecule would seem well established, the position of some hydrogen atoms is rather strange (Fig. 1). Both H atoms bonded to C 1 almost lie in a common plane with the two N atoms attached to C 1 (r.m.s. deviation for all five atoms 0.050 $\AA$ ). The dihedral angle between the $\mathrm{NC}_{2}$ plane and the $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ plane is $10.7^{\circ}$. However, the $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ plane should be more or less perpendicular to the $\mathrm{CN}_{2}$ plane.
Our interest in the title compound prompted the present re-investigation carrying out the data collection at 173 (2) K which provides more regular positions for the H atoms (Fig. 2).
The re-determination of the crystal structure is consistent with the observation that TATD belongs to the $D_{2 d}$ point group as pointed out Murray-Rust. The only significant difference is the localization of the H atoms. The largest difference between the two determinations pertains to the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$ distance of the ethylene bridge. In the original study this distance was determined as 1.534 (8) $\AA$, whereas it is 1.477 (8) $\AA$ in this study. Taking the displacement ellipsoid which is elongated perpendicular to the $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{N}$ moiety into account, the shortened bond length might be due to a slight disorder of C2.
Concerning the H atoms, the orientation of the methylene group connecting two N atoms in particular is corrected: in the structure of Murray-Rust the orientation of the H atoms is such that both $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}$ bonds are in the same plane with the $\mathrm{N}-\mathrm{C}$ bonds, with a dihedral angle of $10.7^{\circ}$ between the $\mathrm{NC}_{2}$ plane and the $\mathrm{CH}_{2}$ plane. In the redetermination, the dihedral angle between these planes is exactly $90^{\circ}$.
The title molecule is composed of four seven-membered rings which have exactly the same conformation due to the molecular symmetry. The conformation can be described as a chair. A search in the Cambridge Crystallographic Database (CSD, Version 5.35 of 2013, plus two updates; Allen 2002) yielded three structures containing the title compound as a fragment, namely the structure determination of Murray-Rust (1974), the title compound as a co-crystal with hydroquinone (Rivera et al., 2007), the title compound substituted with a cyclohexane ring at the $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{C}$ bonds (Glister et al., 2005). The conformation of the seven-membered rings is a chair in all cases which is not surprising since the the molecule is rigid.
Concerning the crystal packing, molecules of the title compound are located at the origin and at the centre of the unit cell. Thus, the crystal packing can be regarded as two sets of layers. The molecules in neighbouring layers are displaced by the symmetry operation $1 / 2+x, 1 / 2+y, 1 / 2+z$ (Fig. 3).

## S2. Experimental

1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo[4.4.1.1^3,8^]dodecane (TATD) was synthesized from formaldehyde and diaminoethane as described in the literature (Bischoff, 1898) and recrystallized from 1,4-dioxane solution as colourless blocks.

## S3. Refinement

All H atoms were located in a difference map. Nevertheless, they were geometrically placed and refined using a riding model, with $\mathrm{C}-\mathrm{H}=0.99 \AA$ and with $U_{\text {iso }}(\mathrm{H})=1.2 U_{\text {eq }}(\mathrm{C})$. The absolute structure was indeterminate in the present refinement.


Figure 1
A view of the molecular structure of the title compound as determined by Murray-Rust (1974).


Figure 2
A view of the crystal structure of the title compound with the numbering scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the $50 \%$ probability level. Symmetry operators for generating equivalent atoms: (A) $-y, x,-z$, (B) $y,-x,-z$, (C) $-x,-y, z$.


Figure 3
Packing diagram of the title compound with view onto the $a c$ plane.

## 1,3,6,8-Tetraazatricyclo[4.4.1.1 ${ }^{3,8}$ dodecane

## Crystal data

$\mathrm{C}_{8} \mathrm{H}_{16} \mathrm{~N}_{4}$
$M_{r}=168.25$
Tetragonal, $\bar{I} \overline{2} 2 \mathrm{~m}$
$a=7.4065$ (7) $\AA$
$c=7.6235$ (8) $\AA$
$V=418.20(9) \AA^{3}$
$Z=2$
$F(000)=184$

## Data collection

Stoe IPDS II two-circle diffractometer
Radiation source: Genix 3D I $\mu$ S microfocus Xray source
$\omega$ scans
Absorption correction: multi-scan
( $X$-AREA; Stoe \& Cie, 2001)
$T_{\text {min }}=0.973, T_{\text {max }}=0.977$
$D_{\mathrm{x}}=1.336 \mathrm{Mg} \mathrm{m}^{-3}$
Mo $K \alpha$ radiation, $\lambda=0.71073 \AA$
Cell parameters from 11628 reflections
$\theta=3.8-27.9^{\circ}$
$\mu=0.09 \mathrm{~mm}^{-1}$
$T=173 \mathrm{~K}$
Block, colourless
$0.32 \times 0.28 \times 0.27 \mathrm{~mm}$

4336 measured reflections
264 independent reflections
264 reflections with $I>2 \sigma(I)$
$R_{\text {int }}=0.049$
$\theta_{\max }=27.5^{\circ}, \theta_{\min }=5.4^{\circ}$
$h=-9 \rightarrow 8$
$k=-9 \rightarrow 9$
$l=-9 \rightarrow 9$

## Refinement

Refinement on $F^{2}$
Least-squares matrix: full
$R\left[F^{2}>2 \sigma\left(F^{2}\right)\right]=0.050$
$w R\left(F^{2}\right)=0.141$
$S=1.12$
264 reflections
18 parameters
0 restraints

## Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two 1.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

## Refinement.;

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters ( $\AA^{2}$ )

|  | $x$ | $y$ | $z$ | $U_{\text {iso }} * / U_{\mathrm{eq}}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.1352(2)$ | $0.1352(2)$ | $0.0995(4)$ | $0.0373(9)$ |
| C1 | $0.2345(4)$ | 0.0000 | 0.0000 | $0.0406(10)$ |
| H1 | 0.3140 | 0.0649 | -0.0832 | $0.049^{*}$ |
| C2 | $0.0705(4)$ | $0.0705(4)$ | $0.2690(5)$ | $0.0604(14)$ |
| H2 | 0.0235 | 0.1756 | 0.3350 | $0.073^{*}$ |

Atomic displacement parameters $\left(\AA^{2}\right)$

|  | $U^{11}$ | $U^{22}$ | $U^{33}$ | $U^{12}$ | $U^{13}$ | $U^{23}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| N1 | $0.0317(10)$ | $0.0317(10)$ | $0.0483(16)$ | $-0.0099(11)$ | $0.0011(8)$ | $0.0011(8)$ |
| C1 | $0.0228(14)$ | $0.0310(16)$ | $0.068(2)$ | 0.000 | 0.000 | $0.0063(15)$ |


| C 2 | $0.071(2)$ | $0.071(2)$ | $0.0392(17)$ | $-0.038(2)$ | $-0.0017(11)$ | $-0.0017(11)$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Geometric parameters ( $\AA,{ }^{\circ}$ )

| $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{Cl}{ }^{\text {i }}$ | 1.456 (2) | C1-H1 | 0.9900 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| N1-C1 | 1.456 (2) | $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 2{ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 1.477 (8) |
| N1-C2 | 1.459 (5) | C2—H2 | 0.9900 |
| $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 1.456 (2) |  |  |
| C1- ${ }^{\text {i }}$ N1- ${ }^{\text {C1 }}$ | 115.0 (3) | $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 107.5 |
| C1- ${ }^{\text {i }} 1-\mathrm{C} 2$ | 113.66 (12) | $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 2{ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 117.68 (18) |
| C1-N1-C2 | 113.66 (12) | $\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 107.9 |
| N1i- ${ }^{\text {ii }} 1-\mathrm{N} 1$ | 119.4 (3) | $\mathrm{C} 2{ }^{\text {iiii }}-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{H} 2$ | 107.9 |
| N1ii- ${ }^{\text {C1 }} 1-\mathrm{H} 1$ | 107.5 |  |  |
| $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\text {i }}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | -52.65 (18) | $\mathrm{C} 1{ }^{\mathrm{i}}-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 2{ }^{\text {iii }}$ | 67.1 (2) |
| $\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1^{\text {ii }}$ | 80.8 (2) | $\mathrm{C} 1-\mathrm{N} 1-\mathrm{C} 2-\mathrm{C} 2{ }^{\text {iii }}$ | -67.1 (2) |

Symmetry codes: (i) $-y, x,-z$; (ii) $y,-x,-z$; (iii) $-x,-y, z$.

