

Received 13 October 2016 Accepted 17 October 2016

Edited by J. Simpson, University of Otago, New Zealand

**Keywords:** crystal structure; co-crystalline adducts; hydrogen bonding; TATU.

CCDC reference: 1510135

**Supporting information**: this article has supporting information at journals.iucr.org/e

# Crystal structure of the 1:2 co-crystal of 1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo[4.3.1.1<sup>3,8</sup>]undecane (TATU) and 4-chlorophenol (1/2)

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In the title compound,  $C_7H_{14}N_4 \cdot 2C_6H_5ClO$ , which crystallized with two crystallographically independent 4-chlorophenol molecules and one 1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo[4.3.1.1<sup>3,8</sup>]undecane (TATU) molecule in the asymmetric unit, the independent components are linked by two O-H···N hydrogen bonds. The hydrogen-bond acceptor sites are two non-equivalent N atoms from the aminal cage structure, and the tricyclic system distorts by changing the C-N bond lengths. In the crystal, these hydrogen-bonded aggregates are linked into chains along the *c* axis by C-H···N hydrogen bonds. The crystal structure also features C-H··· $\pi$  contacts.

#### 1. Chemical context

Following our previous work on phenol–amine adducts based on cyclic aminal cages with phenol derivatives (Rivera *et al.*, 2015a,b,c), we report herein the synthesis and crystal structure of the title 1:2 complex assembled through hydrogen-bonding interactions between the aminal cage, 1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo [4.3.1.1<sup>3,8</sup>]undecane (TATU), with 4-chlorophenol under solvent-free conditions at low temperature.



TATU, a small tricyclic aminal cage, is an interesting option for studying hydrogen-bonding situations as it has four nitrogen atoms as potential hydrogen-bond acceptors. These N atoms have two different environments, N1 and N2 from the ethylene fragment (NCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>N) and N3 and N4 from the 1,1-gem-diaminic units. These present two discrete options for hydrogen bonding to the aminal cage. With different types of phenols, the preference for a particular hydrogen-bondinteraction site depends strongly upon the lone-pair orbital hybridization of the nitrogen atom (Rivera *et al.*, 2007). Studies on phenol complexes with tertiary amines in the solid state show that the proton transfer depends not only on the







Figure 1

The molecular structure of the title compound. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 50% probability level. H atoms bonded to C atoms are omitted for clarity. Hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines.

 $\Delta$ pKa (pKa amine – pKa acid) value but also on steric and packing effects (Majerz & Sawka-Dobrowolska, 1996). In the structure found for the three-component aggregates observed here, both types of nitrogen atom mentioned above are involved in hydrogen bonding with N1 and N3 acting as hydrogen-bond acceptors. The reaction to produce the cocrystal occurs efficiently in the solid state by grinding a mixture of finely powdered TATU and 4-chlorophenol at room temperature; there are no by-products, and the work-up procedure is easy.

#### 2. Structural commentary

The molecular structure of the title compound is illustrated in Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit comprises two crystallographically independent 4-chlorophenol molecules and one 1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo[4.3.1.1<sup>3,8</sup>]undecane (TATU) molecule. The phenols are linked to the aminal cage by two O-H···N hydrogen bonds (Table 1), forming 2:1 hydrogen-bonded aggregates. This is similar to the situation observed in the structure of the 2:1 co-crystal of 4-nitrophenol and TATU (Rivera et al., 2015a) which also crystallizes in the  $P2_1/c$  space group and has two different types of N atom acting as the hydrogen-bond acceptors. The measured dimensions of the aminal cage structure in the present adduct are similar to the corresponding values in this related structure. The observed N-CH<sub>2</sub> bond lengths are longer than those found in a co-crystal formed between TATU and hydoquinone (Rivera et al., 2007). This is presumably related to the formation of strong hydrogen bonds by the N1 and N3 hydrogen atoms.

**Table 1** Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

Cg8 is the centroid of the C11-C16 ring.

D-H	$H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$	$D \cdots A$	$D - H \cdot \cdot \cdot A$
0.88 (3)	1.91 (3)	2.7824 (16)	172 (2)
0.87(2)	1.86 (2)	2.7186 (16)	167 (2)
0.95	2.56	3.4491 (18)	156
0.99	2.79	3.7348 (18)	160
	<i>D</i> -H 0.88 (3) 0.87 (2) 0.95 0.99	$\begin{array}{c ccc} D-H & H \cdots A \\ \hline 0.88 (3) & 1.91 (3) \\ 0.87 (2) & 1.86 (2) \\ 0.95 & 2.56 \\ 0.99 & 2.79 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} D-{\rm H} & {\rm H}\cdots A & D\cdots A \\ \hline 0.88\ (3) & 1.91\ (3) & 2.7824\ (16) \\ 0.87\ (2) & 1.86\ (2) & 2.7186\ (16) \\ 0.95 & 2.56 & 3.4491\ (18) \\ 0.99 & 2.79 & 3.7348\ (18) \end{array}$

Symmetry codes: (i) x, y, z - 1; (ii)  $x, -y - \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$ .

A comparison of the  $O-H\cdots N$  hydrogen bonds in the title compound with those found for the nitrophenyl analogue (Rivera, *et al.*, 2015*a*) reveal that both  $N\cdots O$  distances are significantly longer in the current structure, suggesting that the hydrogen bonds may be somewhat weaker.

#### 3. Supramolecular features

In the crystal of title compound,  $O1-H1\cdots N1$  and  $C15-H15\cdots N2$  hydrogen bonds form columns of TATU molecules and O1 chlorophenol molecules along the *c* axis, Fig. 2. The columns are linked by  $O2-H2\cdots N3$  hydrogen bonds on one side and  $C2-H2A\cdots Cg8$  contacts on the other (*Cg*8 is the centroid of the C11-C16 ring).

#### 4. Database survey

Only three comparable structures were found in the Cambridge Structural Database (Groom *et al.*, 2016),, namely 1,3,6,8-tetra-azatricyclo( $4.3.1.1^{3,8}$ )undecane hydroquinone (HICTOD; Rivera *et al.*, 2007), 3,6,8-triaza-1-azoniatricyclo[ $4.3.1.1^{3,8}$ ]undecane pentachlorophenolate monohydrate (OMODEA; Rivera *et al.*, 2011) and 4-nitrophenol 1,3,6,8-tetra-azatricyclo[ $4.3.1.1^{3,8}$ ]undecane (VUXMEI; Rivera *et al.*, 2015*a*). These structures have already been discussed above.

#### 5. Synthesis and crystallization

A mixture of 1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo $[4.3.1.1^{3,8}]$ undecane (TATU) (154 mg, 1 mmol) and 4-chlorophenol (257 mg, 2 mmol) was mixed thoroughly in a mortar and then ground at room temperature for 15 min. Progress of the reaction was



Figure 2

The crystal packing of the title compound, showing the chain that extends along the *c*-axis direction.  $C-H \cdots N$  and  $O-H \cdots N$  hydrogen bonds are drawn as dashed lines

## research communications

Table 2Experimental details.

Crystal data	
Chemical formula	$C_7H_{14}N_4 \cdot 2C_6H_5ClO$
M <sub>r</sub>	411.32
Crystal system, space group	Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
Temperature (K)	173
<i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , <i>c</i> (Å)	5.9495 (3), 27.6927 (8), 11.9402 (5)
$\beta$ (°)	92.585 (3)
$V(Å^3)$	1965.24 (14)
Ζ	4
Radiation type	Μο Κα
$\mu (\mathrm{mm}^{-1})$	0.35
Crystal size (mm)	$0.26 \times 0.25 \times 0.24$
Data collection	
Diffractometer	STOE IPDS II two-circle
Absorption correction	Multi-scan (X-AREA; Stoe & Cie, 2001)
$T_{\min}, T_{\max}$	0.604, 1.000
No. of measured, independent and observed $[I > 2\sigma(I)]$ reflections	37763, 4251, 4105
R <sub>int</sub>	0.045
$(\sin \theta / \lambda)_{\rm max} ({\rm \AA}^{-1})$	0.640
Refinement	
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)], wR(F^2), S$	0.040, 0.109, 1.09
No. of reflections	4251
No. of parameters	253
H-atom treatment	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$\Delta \rho_{\rm max}, \Delta \rho_{\rm min} \ (e \ {\rm \AA}^{-3})$	0.40, -0.26

Computer programs: X-AREA (Stoe & Cie, 2001), SHELXS (Sheldrick, 2008), SHELXL2014/7 (Sheldrick, 2015) and XP in SHELXTL-Plus (Sheldrick, 2008).

monitored by TLC. Crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction were obtained from a methanol solution upon slow evaporation of the solvent at room temperature (72% yield, m.p. = 334-336 K)

#### 6. Refinement

Crystal data, data collection and structure refinement details are summarized in Table 2. All H atoms were located in difference electron-density maps. The hydroxyl H atoms were refined freely, while C-bound H atoms were fixed geometrically (C-H = 0.95, 0.98 or 0.99 Å) and refined using a riding model, with  $U_{\rm iso}$ (H) values set at  $1.2U_{\rm eq}$  of the parent atom (1.5 for methyl groups).

#### Acknowledgements

We acknowledge the Dirección de Investigaciones, Sede Bogotá (DIB) de la Universidad Nacional de Colombia for financial support of this work (research project No. 28427). JJR is also grateful to COLCIENCIAS for his doctoral scholarship.

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## supporting information

#### Acta Cryst. (2016). E72, 1648-1650 [https://doi.org/10.1107/S2056989016016546]

Crystal structure of the 1:2 co-crystal of 1,3,6,8-tetraazatricyclo-[4.3.1.1<sup>3,8</sup>]undecane (TATU) and 4-chlorophenol (1/2)

### Augusto Rivera, Jicli José Rojas, Héctor Jairo Osorio, Jaime Ríos-Motta and Michael Bolte

**Computing details** 

Data collection: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2001); cell refinement: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2001); data reduction: *X-AREA* (Stoe & Cie, 2001); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL-2014/7* (Sheldrick, 2015); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL-Plus* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXL-2014/7* (Sheldrick, 2015).

1,3,6,8-Tetraazatricyclo[4.3.1.1<sup>3,8</sup>]undecane–4-chlorophenol (1/2)

Crystal data	
$C_7H_{14}N_4 \cdot 2C_6H_5ClO$ $M_r = 411.32$	F(000) = 864 $D_{\rm x} = 1.390 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$	Mo K $\alpha$ radiation. $\lambda = 0.71073$ Å
a = 5.9495 (3) Å	Cell parameters from 37763 reflections
b = 27.6927 (8) Å	$\theta = 1.7 - 27.6^{\circ}$
c = 11.9402 (5) Å	$\mu = 0.35 \text{ mm}^{-1}$
$\beta = 92.585(3)^{\circ}$	T = 173  K
$V = 1965.24 (14) Å^3$	Block, colourless
Z = 4	$0.26 \times 0.25 \times 0.24 \text{ mm}$
Data collection	
STOE IPDS II two-circle	37763 measured reflections
diffractometer	4251 independent reflections
Radiation source: Genix 3D IuS microfocus X-	4105 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
rav source	$R_{\rm int} = 0.045$
ωscans	$\theta_{\text{max}} = 27.1^{\circ}, \ \theta_{\text{min}} = 1.9^{\circ}$
Absorption correction: multi-scan	$h = -7 \rightarrow 7$
(X-Area; Stoe & Cie, 2001)	$k = -35 \longrightarrow 35$
$T_{\min} = 0.604, \ T_{\max} = 1.000$	$l = -15 \rightarrow 15$
Refinement	
Refinement on $F^2$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent
Least-squares matrix: full	and constrained refinement
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.040$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0575P)^2 + 0.6451P]$
$wR(F^2) = 0.109$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
S = 1.09	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\rm max} = 0.002$
4251 reflections	$\Delta \rho_{\rm max} = 0.40 \ {\rm e} \ {\rm \AA}^{-3}$
253 parameters	$\Delta \rho_{\rm min} = -0.26 \text{ e} \text{ Å}^{-3}$
0 restraints	Extinction correction: SHELXL-2014/7
Hydrogen site location: mixed	(Sheldrick 2015),
	$Fc^* = kFc[1+0.001xFc^2\lambda^3/sin(2\theta)]^{-1/4}$
	Extinction coefficient: 0.062 (7)

#### Special details

**Geometry**. All esds (except the esd in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell esds are taken into account individually in the estimation of esds in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between esds in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell esds is used for estimating esds involving l.s. planes.

	x	У	Ζ	$U_{ m iso}$ */ $U_{ m eq}$	
Cl1	-0.04590 (7)	0.26962 (2)	-0.10224 (3)	0.04449 (15)	
01	0.5641 (2)	0.35658 (5)	0.24199 (10)	0.0479 (3)	
H1	0.510 (4)	0.3572 (9)	0.310 (2)	0.073 (7)*	
C11	0.4191 (3)	0.33578 (5)	0.16530 (12)	0.0356 (3)	
C12	0.2099 (3)	0.31750 (6)	0.19246 (12)	0.0387 (3)	
H12	0.1644	0.3193	0.2676	0.046*	
C13	0.0679 (2)	0.29680 (5)	0.11068 (12)	0.0367 (3)	
H13	-0.0747	0.2845	0.1293	0.044*	
C14	0.1366 (2)	0.29428 (5)	0.00163 (12)	0.0339 (3)	
C15	0.3445 (2)	0.31185 (5)	-0.02693 (12)	0.0348 (3)	
H15	0.3898	0.3097	-0.1020	0.042*	
C16	0.4855 (2)	0.33256 (5)	0.05517 (12)	0.0350 (3)	
H16	0.6283	0.3447	0.0362	0.042*	
C12	1.00806 (8)	0.58275 (2)	1.06573 (4)	0.05235 (16)	
O2	0.7563 (2)	0.49889 (4)	0.62512 (9)	0.0406 (3)	
H2	0.655 (4)	0.4764 (8)	0.6299 (19)	0.059 (6)*	
C21	0.8062 (2)	0.51843 (5)	0.72828 (12)	0.0328 (3)	
C22	1.0146 (2)	0.54078 (5)	0.74570 (13)	0.0376 (3)	
H22	1.1157	0.5421	0.6864	0.045*	
C23	1.0755 (2)	0.56101 (5)	0.84860 (14)	0.0391 (3)	
H23	1.2175	0.5763	0.8601	0.047*	
C24	0.9276 (3)	0.55872 (5)	0.93448 (13)	0.0367 (3)	
C25	0.7182 (3)	0.53749 (5)	0.91821 (14)	0.0406 (3)	
H25	0.6167	0.5367	0.9774	0.049*	
C26	0.6576 (2)	0.51743 (5)	0.81477 (14)	0.0382 (3)	
H26	0.5137	0.5029	0.8030	0.046*	
N1	0.43277 (18)	0.36094 (4)	0.46248 (10)	0.0308 (3)	
N2	0.44381 (19)	0.33973 (4)	0.69815 (10)	0.0324 (3)	
N3	0.47481 (19)	0.42152 (4)	0.61627 (10)	0.0310 (3)	
N4	0.12298 (18)	0.37751 (4)	0.59049 (9)	0.0310 (3)	
C1	0.5461 (3)	0.31658 (5)	0.49947 (13)	0.0385 (3)	
H1A	0.7030	0.3179	0.4754	0.046*	
H1B	0.4717	0.2892	0.4595	0.046*	
C2	0.5526 (3)	0.30537 (6)	0.62630 (14)	0.0393 (3)	
H2A	0.4821	0.2734	0.6366	0.047*	
H2B	0.7122	0.3026	0.6527	0.047*	
C3	0.5404 (2)	0.40561 (5)	0.50412 (11)	0.0307 (3)	
H3A	0.5042	0.4318	0.4498	0.037*	
H3B	0.7055	0.4009	0.5064	0.037*	

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters  $(\hat{A}^2)$ 

# supporting information

C4	0.1997 (2)	0.34370 (5)	0.67956 (11)	0.0330 (3)	
H4A	0.1345	0.3539	0.7506	0.040*	
H4B	0.1389	0.3113	0.6609	0.040*	
C5	0.1885 (2)	0.36212 (5)	0.47928 (11)	0.0329 (3)	
H5A	0.1172	0.3841	0.4228	0.039*	
H5B	0.1268	0.3294	0.4646	0.039*	
C6	0.5478 (2)	0.38714 (5)	0.70586 (11)	0.0338 (3)	
H6A	0.7129	0.3831	0.7043	0.041*	
H6B	0.5145	0.4015	0.7792	0.041*	
C7	0.2262 (2)	0.42473 (5)	0.61453 (12)	0.0339 (3)	
H7A	0.1786	0.4365	0.6881	0.041*	
H7B	0.1737	0.4482	0.5566	0.041*	

Atomic displacement parameters  $(Å^2)$ 

	$U^{11}$	U <sup>22</sup>	$U^{33}$	$U^{12}$	$U^{13}$	$U^{23}$
Cl1	0.0475 (2)	0.0507 (2)	0.0351 (2)	-0.00710 (16)	0.00008 (15)	-0.00103 (15)
01	0.0452 (6)	0.0666 (8)	0.0328 (6)	-0.0153 (5)	0.0091 (5)	-0.0071 (5)
C11	0.0382 (7)	0.0384 (7)	0.0307 (7)	-0.0009 (6)	0.0052 (5)	-0.0002 (5)
C12	0.0437 (8)	0.0445 (8)	0.0288 (7)	-0.0034 (6)	0.0106 (6)	-0.0010 (6)
C13	0.0364 (7)	0.0390 (7)	0.0353 (7)	-0.0010 (6)	0.0087 (6)	0.0023 (6)
C14	0.0385 (7)	0.0332 (7)	0.0301 (7)	0.0036 (5)	0.0016 (5)	0.0031 (5)
C15	0.0396 (7)	0.0375 (7)	0.0278 (6)	0.0049 (6)	0.0070 (5)	0.0053 (5)
C16	0.0365 (7)	0.0377 (7)	0.0314 (7)	0.0014 (6)	0.0084 (5)	0.0040 (5)
Cl2	0.0697 (3)	0.0430 (2)	0.0434 (2)	0.00721 (18)	-0.00754 (19)	-0.00895 (16)
O2	0.0466 (6)	0.0377 (5)	0.0373 (6)	-0.0086 (5)	0.0001 (4)	0.0005 (4)
C21	0.0355 (7)	0.0269 (6)	0.0360(7)	0.0002 (5)	0.0003 (5)	0.0035 (5)
C22	0.0357 (7)	0.0348 (7)	0.0428 (8)	-0.0045 (6)	0.0079 (6)	0.0012 (6)
C23	0.0342 (7)	0.0344 (7)	0.0486 (8)	-0.0033 (5)	-0.0004 (6)	-0.0018 (6)
C24	0.0437 (8)	0.0279 (6)	0.0381 (7)	0.0051 (5)	-0.0018 (6)	-0.0006 (5)
C25	0.0431 (8)	0.0358 (7)	0.0437 (8)	-0.0002 (6)	0.0104 (6)	0.0003 (6)
C26	0.0317 (7)	0.0348 (7)	0.0485 (8)	-0.0032 (5)	0.0051 (6)	-0.0005 (6)
N1	0.0275 (5)	0.0360 (6)	0.0291 (5)	-0.0013 (4)	0.0036 (4)	-0.0042 (4)
N2	0.0306 (6)	0.0366 (6)	0.0300 (6)	0.0007 (4)	0.0005 (4)	0.0031 (5)
N3	0.0308 (6)	0.0320 (6)	0.0301 (6)	-0.0003 (4)	0.0017 (4)	-0.0026 (4)
N4	0.0257 (5)	0.0392 (6)	0.0282 (6)	0.0020 (4)	0.0030 (4)	-0.0008(5)
C1	0.0364 (7)	0.0358 (7)	0.0438 (8)	0.0028 (6)	0.0076 (6)	-0.0058 (6)
C2	0.0353 (7)	0.0367 (7)	0.0459 (8)	0.0047 (6)	0.0016 (6)	0.0015 (6)
C3	0.0291 (6)	0.0340 (7)	0.0294 (6)	-0.0022 (5)	0.0041 (5)	0.0003 (5)
C4	0.0294 (6)	0.0400 (7)	0.0298 (6)	-0.0017 (5)	0.0051 (5)	0.0032 (5)
C5	0.0259 (6)	0.0457 (8)	0.0270 (6)	-0.0020 (5)	0.0005 (5)	-0.0027 (5)
C6	0.0328 (7)	0.0403 (7)	0.0280 (6)	-0.0016 (5)	-0.0030 (5)	-0.0024 (5)
C7	0.0318 (7)	0.0347 (7)	0.0354 (7)	0.0057 (5)	0.0038 (5)	-0.0025 (5)

Geometric parameters (Å, °)

<u></u>	1 7407 (15)	NI1 C2	1 4(02 (17)
CII—C14	1.7497 (15)	NI-C3	1.4692 (17)
01—C11	1.3579 (19)	N1—C5	1.4766 (17)

# supporting information

O1—H1	0.88 (3)	N2—C6	1.4524 (18)
C11—C16	1.3929 (19)	N2—C2	1.4529 (19)
C11—C12	1.395 (2)	N2—C4	1.4635 (17)
C12—C13	1.386 (2)	N3—C3	1.4789 (17)
C12—H12	0.9500	N3—C7	1.4808 (17)
C13—C14	1.384 (2)	N3—C6	1.4824 (18)
С13—Н13	0.9500	N4—C5	1.4639 (17)
C14—C15	1.386 (2)	N4—C7	1.4675 (18)
C15—C16	1.386 (2)	N4—C4	1.4739 (17)
С15—Н15	0.9500	C1—C2	1.545 (2)
С16—Н16	0.9500	C1—H1A	0.9900
Cl2—C24	1.7494 (15)	C1—H1B	0.9900
02—C21	1.3657 (18)	C2—H2A	0.9900
O2—H2	0.87 (2)	C2—H2B	0.9900
C21—C26	1.390 (2)	C3—H3A	0.9900
C21—C22	1.393 (2)	C3—H3B	0.9900
C22—C23	1.384 (2)	C4—H4A	0.9900
C22—H22	0.9500	C4—H4B	0.9900
C23—C24	1.382 (2)	C5—H5A	0.9900
С23—Н23	0.9500	C5—H5B	0.9900
C24—C25	1.384 (2)	C6—H6A	0.9900
C25—C26	1.387 (2)	С6—Н6В	0.9900
С25—Н25	0.9500	С7—Н7А	0.9900
С26—Н26	0.9500	C7—H7B	0.9900
N1—C1	1.4601 (19)		
C11—O1—H1	112.3 (16)	C7—N3—C6	107.96 (11)
O1—C11—C16	117.72 (13)	C5—N4—C7	108.10 (11)
O1—C11—C12	122.92 (13)	C5—N4—C4	112.53 (11)
C16—C11—C12	119.36 (14)	C7—N4—C4	108.15 (11)
C13—C12—C11	120.54 (13)	N1—C1—C2	117.17 (12)
C13—C12—H12	119.7	N1—C1—H1A	108.0
C11—C12—H12	119.7	C2—C1—H1A	108.0
C14—C13—C12	119.15 (13)	N1—C1—H1B	108.0
C14—C13—H13	120.4	C2—C1—H1B	108.0
C12—C13—H13	120.4	H1A—C1—H1B	107.2
C13—C14—C15	121.22 (14)	N2—C2—C1	117.06 (12)
C13—C14—Cl1	119.11 (12)	N2—C2—H2A	108.0
C15—C14—Cl1	119.65 (11)	C1—C2—H2A	108.0
C16—C15—C14	119.34 (13)	N2—C2—H2B	108.0
C16—C15—H15	120.3	C1—C2—H2B	108.0
C14—C15—H15	120.3	H2A—C2—H2B	107.3
C15—C16—C11	120.39 (13)	N1—C3—N3	115.37 (11)
C15—C16—H16	119.8	N1—C3—H3A	108.4
C11—C16—H16	119.8	N3—C3—H3A	108.4
С21—О2—Н2	110.4 (15)	N1—C3—H3B	108.4
O2—C21—C26	122.85 (13)	N3—C3—H3B	108.4
O2—C21—C22	117.81 (13)	НЗА—СЗ—НЗВ	107.5

$C_{2}C_{2}C_{2}C_{2}C_{2}C_{2}C_{2}C_{2}$	110.22(14)	NO CA NA	$115 \ 47 \ (11)$
$C_{20} = C_{21} = C_{22}$	119.55 (14)	N2 - C4 - IN4	113.47 (11)
$C_{23} = C_{22} = C_{21}$	120.33 (14)	$N_2 - C_4 - H_4 A$	108.4
C23—C22—H22	119.7	N4—C4—H4A	108.4
C21—C22—H22	119.7	N2—C4—H4B	108.4
C24—C23—C22	119.35 (14)	N4—C4—H4B	108.4
С24—С23—Н23	120.3	H4A—C4—H4B	107.5
С22—С23—Н23	120.3	N4—C5—N1	115.69 (11)
C23—C24—C25	120.97 (14)	N4—C5—H5A	108.4
C23—C24—Cl2	119.32 (12)	N1—C5—H5A	108.4
C25—C24—Cl2	119.71 (12)	N4—C5—H5B	108.4
C24—C25—C26	119.44 (14)	N1—C5—H5B	108.4
С24—С25—Н25	120.3	H5A—C5—H5B	107.4
С26—С25—Н25	120.3	N2—C6—N3	115.14 (11)
C25—C26—C21	120.33 (14)	N2—C6—H6A	108.5
C25—C26—H26	119.8	N3—C6—H6A	108.5
C21—C26—H26	119.8	N2—C6—H6B	108.5
C1—N1—C3	114.69 (11)	N3—C6—H6B	108.5
C1—N1—C5	114.92 (11)	H6A—C6—H6B	107.5
C3—N1—C5	110.62 (11)	N4—C7—N3	111.00 (11)
C6—N2—C2	115.45 (12)	N4—C7—H7A	109.4
C6—N2—C4	111.01 (11)	N3—C7—H7A	109.4
C2—N2—C4	115.17 (12)	N4—C7—H7B	109.4
C3—N3—C7	108.03 (10)	N3—C7—H7B	109.4
$C_3 - N_3 - C_6$	112 41 (11)	H7A - C7 - H7B	108.0
05 115 00	112.11 (11)		100.0
01 - C11 - C12 - C13	179 72 (15)	C4 - N2 - C2 - C1	65 17 (17)
$C_{16} C_{11} C_{12} C_{13}$	-0.7(2)	$N_1 = C_1 = C_2 = C_1$	05.17(17)
$C_{11} = C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{14}$	0.7(2)	N1 - C1 - C2 - N2	-85.46(14)
$C_{12} = C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{14} = C_{15}$	0.3(2)	$C_1 = N_1 = C_2 = N_2$	46.40(14)
$C_{12} = C_{13} = C_{14} = C_{13}$	0.5(2)	$C_{3}$ $N_{1}$ $C_{3}$ $N_{3}$ $C_{7}$ $N_{2}$ $C_{7}$ $N_{1}$	40.49(13)
C12 - C13 - C14 - C11	-1/8.29(12)	$C = N_{1} = C_{2} = N_{1}$	-33.83(13)
C13 - C14 - C15 - C16	-0.4(2)	$C_0 N_3 C_3 N_1$	05.10(15)
	1/8.18 (11)	$C_{0}$ N2 $C_{4}$ N4	47.85 (15)
	-0.1 (2)	C2—N2—C4—N4	-85./1(15)
01-011-016-015	-1/9./9 (14)	C5—N4—C4—N2	65.04 (15)
C12—C11—C16—C15	0.6 (2)	C/—N4—C4—N2	-54.30 (15)
O2—C21—C22—C23	-179.63 (13)	C7—N4—C5—N1	54.75 (15)
C26—C21—C22—C23	1.2 (2)	C4—N4—C5—N1	-64.62 (16)
C21—C22—C23—C24	0.2 (2)	C1—N1—C5—N4	84.81 (15)
C22—C23—C24—C25	-1.5 (2)	C3—N1—C5—N4	-47.03 (16)
C22—C23—C24—Cl2	178.15 (12)	C2—N2—C6—N3	85.50 (15)
C23—C24—C25—C26	1.2 (2)	C4—N2—C6—N3	-47.92 (15)
Cl2—C24—C25—C26	-178.40 (12)	C3—N3—C6—N2	-64.54 (15)
C24—C25—C26—C21	0.3 (2)	C7—N3—C6—N2	54.51 (15)
O2—C21—C26—C25	179.42 (14)	C5—N4—C7—N3	-61.56 (14)
C22—C21—C26—C25	-1.5 (2)	C4—N4—C7—N3	60.53 (14)
C3—N1—C1—C2	64.76 (16)	C3—N3—C7—N4	61.15 (14)
C5—N1—C1—C2	-65.11 (16)	C6—N3—C7—N4	-60.65 (14)
C6—N2—C2—C1	-66.31 (17)		× /
	× /		

## Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °)

Cg8 is the centroid of the C11–C16 ring.

<i>D</i> —Н	H···A	$D \cdots A$	D—H···A
0.88 (3)	1.91 (3)	2.7824 (16)	172 (2)
0.87 (2)	1.86 (2)	2.7186 (16)	167 (2)
0.95	2.56	3.4491 (18)	156
0.99	2.79	3.7348 (18)	160
	<i>D</i> —H 0.88 (3) 0.87 (2) 0.95 0.99	D—H         H···A           0.88 (3)         1.91 (3)           0.87 (2)         1.86 (2)           0.95         2.56           0.99         2.79	DHH···AD···A0.88 (3)1.91 (3)2.7824 (16)0.87 (2)1.86 (2)2.7186 (16)0.952.563.4491 (18)0.992.793.7348 (18)

Symmetry codes: (i) *x*, *y*, *z*-1; (ii) *x*, -*y*-1/2, *z*-1/2.