

Fungi indirectly affect plant root architecture by modulating soil volatile organic compounds

Schenkel Denis^{1,3}, Maciá-Vicente Jose G.^{2,3}, Bissell Alexander¹, Splivallo Richard^{1,3*}

¹ Institute for Molecular Biosciences, Goethe University Frankfurt, Max-von-Laue Str. 9, 60438 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

² Institute of Ecology, Evolution and Diversity, Goethe University Frankfurt, Max-von-Laue Str. 13, 60438 Frankfurt am Main, Germany

³ Integrative Fungal Research Cluster, Frankfurt, Georg-Voigt-Str. 14-16, 60325 Frankfurt, Germany

*corresponding author: richard.splivallo@a3.epfl.ch

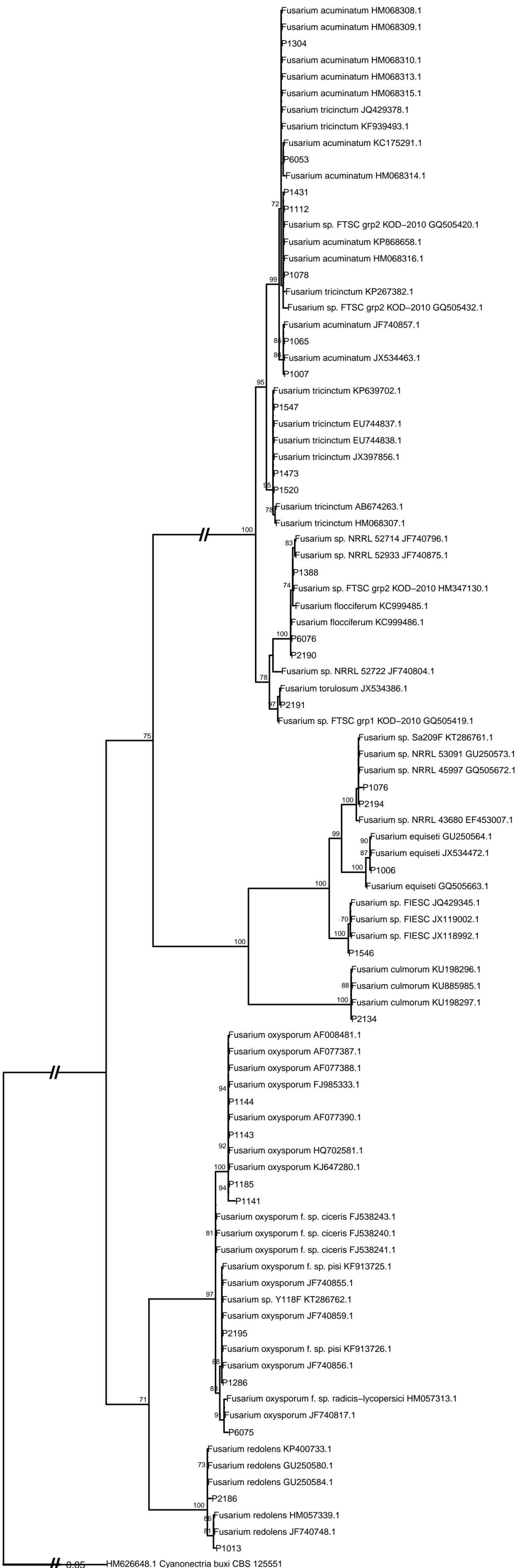


Figure S1. Phylogenetic tree of *Fusarium* strains used in this study and reference strains.

Phylogenetic tree of 27 *Fusarium* strains (Table 1) and reference strains (FUSARIUM-ID database (Geiser et al., 2004)) based on partial *tef-1α* sequences. Numbers at nodes indicates bootstrap values (1000 replications)