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Corresponding author(s):

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Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see <u>Authors & Referees</u> and the <u>Editorial Policy Checklist</u>.

When statistical analyses are reported, confirm that the following items are present in the relevant location (e.g. figure legend, table legend, main

Statistical	parameters
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text,	text, or Methods section).						
n/a	Confirmed						
	\square The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement						
	An indication of whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly						
	The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.						
\boxtimes	A description of all covariates tested						
	A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons						
	A full descripti variation (e.g.	ion of the statistics including <u>central tendency</u> (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND standard deviation) or associated <u>estimates of uncertainty</u> (e.g. confidence intervals)					
	For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. <i>F</i> , <i>t</i> , <i>r</i>) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and <i>P</i> value noted Give <i>P</i> values as exact values whenever suitable.						
\boxtimes	For Bayesian a	analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings					
\boxtimes	For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes						
\boxtimes	Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's <i>d</i> , Pearson's <i>r</i>), indicating how they were calculated						
	Clearly defined error bars State explicitly what error bars represent (e.g. SD, SE, CI)						
	Our web collection on <u>statistics for biologists</u> may be useful.						
Software and code							
Polic	Policy information about <u>availability of computer code</u>						
Da	ta collection	No software was used					
Da	Data analysis Graph pad version 6. Fiji ImageJ 1.51n. Imaris version 8.1.2						

Data

Policy information about $\underline{\text{availability of data}}$

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

All data generated or analysed during this study are included in this published article (and its supplementary information files). All other relevant data are available from the authors upon reasonable request.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers upon request. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

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Please select the be	est fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.					
Life sciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences						
For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see <u>nature.com/authors/policies/ReportingSummary-flat.pdf</u>						
Life sciences study design						
All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.						
Sample size	We analyzed high n numbers for dendritic spine analysis and whole organism experiments yielding high significance underscoring the robustness of our analysis. Standard n numbers were used for biochemical analysis.					
Data exclusions	No data were excluded from the analysis.					
Replication	Neurons were imaged from 3 separate primary culture preparations. Viable neurons for each experimental group were detected by the analysis software based on the MAP2 signal. Nematode analyses were performed in triplicates at different times to take into account any possible variations between the cohorts.					
Randomization	Images of viable neurons and images of nematodes from all experimental groups were randomly taken. For the lifespan and fecundity assays, nematodes were randomly chosen by picking the indicated number of nematode larvae and all animals were then analyzed. No further selection of data subsets was applied.					

Image collection and analysis were performed by separate investigators. Blinded analysis was ensured by using a predefined software routine

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

Materials & experimental systems			Methods			
n/a	Involved in the study	n/a	Involved in the study			
	Unique biological materials		ChIP-seq			
	Antibodies		Flow cytometry			
	Eukaryotic cell lines		MRI-based neuroimaging			
	Palaeontology		•			
	Animals and other organisms					
	Human research participants					

Unique biological materials

Policy information about $\underline{availability\ of\ materials}$

with constant parameters.

Obtaining unique materials

Describe any restrictions on the availability of unique materials OR confirm that all unique materials used are readily available from the authors or from standard commercial sources (and specify these sources).

Antibodies

Blinding

Antibodies used

Anti-DBN M2F6 (1:1000 for western blot, 1:100 for immunohistochemistry, ADI-NBA-110-E Enzo), anti-ATM 2C1(1A1) (1:200, ab78 ABCAM), anti-pS1981-ATM 10H11.E12 (1:400, 200-301-4005, Rockland), anti-p-p44-42 ERK (pMAPK, 1:1000 #9101 CST), anti-α-Tubulin (1:5000, T6199, Sigma), anti-GAPDH (1:5000, CB1001 MERCK), anti-pS15-p53 (1:1000 #9284, CST), anti poly-mono ubiquitin FK2 (1:1000, BML-PW8810 Enzo), anti-HA 3F10 (1:1000, 11867423001 Roche), anti-FLAG M2 (1:10000, F3165 Sigma), anti-cyclin B1 (1:1000, sc-245 Santa Cruz), anti-MAP2 mouse (1:500 for immunocytochemistry M9942 Sigma), anti-MAP2 Guinea Pig (1:1000 for FUNCAT PLA immunocytochemistry or 1:500 for immunohistochemistry, 188 004 Synaptic system), anti-CaMKII (1:250, ab92332 ABCAM), anti-pS647-DBN (1:5000 for western blot, 1:250 for immunohistochemistry, numbering of amino acids refers to the largest human DBN isoform (DBN1 iso322), anti-pS142-DBN17 (1:500), anti-DBN-1 C. elegans specific (1:500)32, anti-Biotin mouse (1:5000, B7653 Sigma) or anti-Biotin rabbit (1:5000, #5597 Cell signalling). The most important uncropped western blots are included in the Supplementary information.

Validation

For Western blotting, anti Drebrin and anti-ATM Antibodies were validated using Dbn+/+ and Dbn -/- as well as Atm +/+ and Atm

-/- brain or neuronal lysates (data supplied in the manuscript). PS647-DBN specific antibodies were validated using DBN-YFP phospho-mutants or phosphatase assays (Kreis et al., 2013). Other antibodies such as alpha-tubulin or pMAPK were commonly used antibodies and ran at the expected size.

For immunostaining, anti-Drebrin antibodies were also validated using Dbn+/+ and Dbn-/- primary hippocampal cultures.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s) HEK293T (ATCC, CRL-11268) and COS-7 (ATCC, CRL-1651)

Authentication Cell line commercially acquired

Mycoplasma contamination All cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination

Commonly misidentified lines (See <u>ICLAC</u> register)

Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.

Palaeontology

Specimen provenance

Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).

Specimen deposition

Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods

If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals; ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

Mice:

Adult pregnant female mice: C57BL/6N

Hippocampi were dissected from E16.5 male and female embryos

Rat:

Wistar P0-P1 male and female were used for primary neuronal cultures. Other developmental stages E15, E17, E19, P1, P7, P15, P21, week 10, week 20, week 30, week 40 both male and female were used for protein analysis.

Wild animals

Provide details on animals observed in or captured in the field; report species, sex and age where possible. Describe how animals were caught and transported and what happened to captive animals after the study (if killed, explain why and describe method; if released, say where and when) OR state that the study did not involve wild animals.

Field-collected samples

For laboratory work with field-collected samples, describe all relevant parameters such as housing, maintenance, temperature, photoperiod and end-of-experiment protocol OR state that the study did not involve samples collected from the field.

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants

Population characteristics

Describe the covariate-relevant population characteristics of the human research participants (e.g. age, gender, genotypic information, past and current diagnosis and treatment categories). If you filled out the behavioural & social sciences study design questions and have nothing to add here, write "See above."

Recruitment

Describe how participants were recruited. Outline any potential self-selection bias or other biases that may be present and how these are likely to impact results.

ChIP-sea

Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links

May remain private before publication.

For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission	Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.					
Genome browser session (e.g. <u>UCSC</u>)	Trovide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for linkar submission and nevised version abcument					
lethodology						
Replicates	Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.					
Sequencing depth	Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.					
Antibodies	Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number. Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used. Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.					
Peak calling parameters						
Data quality						
Software	Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.					
low Cytometry ots						
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ots Confirm that: The axis labels state the r	narker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).					
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Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design

Design type

Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

Design specifications

Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.

Behavioral performance measures

State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).

Acquisition							
Imaging type(s)	Specify: fund	actional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.					
Field strength Spec		rsla					
Sequence & imaging parameters		pecify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, lice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.					
Area of acquisition	State wheth	State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.					
Diffusion MRI Used N		ot used					
Preprocessing							
Preprocessing software		detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, ation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).					
Normalization		If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.					
Normalization template		e template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. nirach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.					
Noise and artifact removal		Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).					
Volume censoring	Define your	software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.					
Statistical modeling & inference							
Model type and settings		e (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first d levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).					
		ise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether actorial designs were used.					
Specify type of analysis: Whol	e brain	ROI-based Both					
Statistic type for inference (See <u>Eklund et al. 2016</u>)	Specify voxe	l-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.					
Correction	Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).						
Models & analysis							
n/a Involved in the study Functional and/or effective co Graph analysis Multivariate modeling or pred							
Functional and/or effective connectivity		Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).					
Graph analysis		Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency,					

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis

Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.