

Reporting Summary

Nature Research wishes to improve the reproducibility of the work that we publish. This form provides structure for consistency and transparency in reporting. For further information on Nature Research policies, see [Authors & Referees](#) and the [Editorial Policy Checklist](#).

Please do not complete any field with "not applicable" or n/a. Refer to the help text for what text to use if an item is not relevant to your study. For final submission: please carefully check your responses for accuracy; you will not be able to make changes later.

Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

n/a Confirmed

- The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
Only common tests should be described solely by name; describe more complex techniques in the Methods section.
- A description of all covariates tested
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F , t , r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value not
Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.
- For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- Estimates of effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d , Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on [statistics for biologists](#) contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about [availability of computer code](#)

Data collection *VisualSonics Vevo 2100 system was used to collect echocardiography data, CFX Connect Real-Time PCR Detection System was used to collect gene expression data.*

Data analysis *Vevo LAB desktop software to analyze echocardiography, RStudio-0.99.903 was used to perform single-cell sequencing analysis. RaceID2 software was used for clustering analysis DESeqv1.22 was used to analyze bulk RNA-seq. Maxquant 1.5.2.8 was used to analyze mass spectrometry data. CFX Maestro Software was used to analyse qPCR data. Graph Pad Prism 7.0 was used for data analysis and statistical analysis. ImageJ-2.1.0 was used for Western Blot analysis and immunofluorescence images. Figures were made in Illustrator CC2018.*

For manuscripts utilizing software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research [guidelines for submitting code & software](#) for further information.

Data

Policy information about [availability of data](#)

All manuscripts must include a [data availability statement](#). This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

The authors declare that the main data supporting the findings of this study are available within the article and its Supplementary Information files. All sequencing data that support the findings of this study have been deposited in the National Center for Biotechnology Information Gene Expression Omnibus (GEO) and are accessible through the GEO Series accession number GSE146285 [https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE146285] (for SCS data) and GSE151638 [https://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/geo/query/acc.cgi?acc=GSE151638] (for Zeb2 cKO RNA-seq data). Source data are provided with this paper. Extra data are available from the corresponding author upon request.

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

- Lifesciences Behavioural & social sciences Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

Life sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Sample size	<i>For all animals experiments, 6 sham and 12 MI samples were used according to standard scientific conventions, as indicated in each figure. The sample size was determined by a power calculation based upon an echocardiographic effect size. For baseline animal studies and in vitro studies estimates were made based on our previous experience, experimental approach, availability and feasibility required to obtain statistically significant results.</i>
Data exclusions	<i>All mice were included in the electrocardiography, immunostaining and gene expression analysis, unless they died during the experiment. All in vitro samples were included in gene expression and immunostaining analysis.</i>
Replication	<i>All replication attempts were successful. Immunofluorescence, immunoblots and in vitro studies were performed in three or more biological replicates, unless indicated differently in the figure legend.</i>
Randomization	<i>Males mice were used for the baseline study or MI experiments and were randomly distributed into different groups.</i>
Blinding	<i>For MI and sham surgeries the surgeon was blinded to the genotype of the mice during the experiments. Baseline studies were carried out blinded to the genotype during functional studies like echocardiography. The investigators were not blinded to allocation and outcome assessment.</i>

Behavioural & social sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	<i>Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).</i>
Research sample	<i>State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.</i>
Sampling strategy	<i>Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.</i>
Data collection	<i>Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.</i>
Timing	<i>Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.</i>
Data exclusions	<i>If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.</i>
Non-participation	<i>State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.</i>
Randomization	<i>If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.</i>

Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design

All studies must disclose on these points even when the disclosure is negative.

Study description	<i>Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.</i>
Research sample	<i>Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged <i>Passer domesticus</i>, all <i>Stenocereus thurberi</i> within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.</i>
Sampling strategy	<i>Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.</i>

Data collection *Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.*

Timing and spatial scale *Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for these choices. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken*

Data exclusions *If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.*

Reproducibility *Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.*

Randomization *Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.*

Blinding *Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.*

Did the study involve fieldwork? Yes No

Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions *Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).*

Location *State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).*

Access and import/export *Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).*

Disturbance *Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.*

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

n/a Involved in the study

Antibodies

Eukaryotic cell lines

Palaeontology

Animals and other organisms

Human research participants

Clinical data

Methods

n/a Involved in the study

ChIP-seq

Flow cytometry

MRI-based neuroimaging

Antibodies

Antibodies used

We show the antibodies in the methods section. We included the catalogue number for each commercial antibody used, so more detailed information could be obtained from the companies. We used the following antibodies: rabbit anti-BCL-XL(54H6) (Cell Signaling, #2764, 1:1000), mouse anti-FLAG (Sigma, #F3165, 1:1000), mouse anti-GAPDH (Millipore, #MAB374, 1:5000), mouse anti-ACTN2 (Sigma, #A7732, 1:500), rabbit anti-ACTN2 (Sigma, #HPA008315, 1:5000), mouse anti-TNNT2 (Abcam, #ab8295, 1:500), rabbit anti-ZEB2 (Novusbio, #NBP1-77179, 1:250), rabbit anti-TMSB4 (Immundiagnostik AG, #A9520, 1:500), goat anti-PTMA (Novusbio, #NBP1-36979, 1:500) and goat anti-PECAM1 [RM0032-1D12] (R&D Systems, #abAF3628, 1:50), Alexa Fluor 488 donkey anti-mouse IgG (H+L) (Invitrogen, #A21202, 1:200), Alexa Fluor 488 donkey anti-goat IgG (H+L) (Invitrogen, #A11055, 1:200), Alexa Fluor donkey anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) (Invitrogen, #A10037, 1:200), Alexa Fluor 568 donkey anti-mouse IgG (H+L) (Invitrogen, #A21206, 1:200), Alexa Fluor 568 donkey anti-rabbit IgG (H+L) (Invitrogen, #A10042, 1:200). FITC-labelled wheat-germ-agglutinin (WGA) (Sigma-Aldrich, #L4895, 1:50)

Validation

All antibodies were extensively validated in cells as well as in mice (and human in Figure 1) heart tissue. We used relevant citations and took into account manufacturer instructions.

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about [cell lines](#)

Cell line source(s)

We used the HUVECs that were obtained from Lonza #CC-2519 and NIH-3T3 cell line obtained from Sigma-Aldrich #86052701, immortalized rat neonatal heart derived cells H10 cells (Jahn et al. Journal of Cell Science 1996)

Authentication

Cells were authenticated by examination of morphology and gene expression. Also, all cell lines were carefully labeled and stored until use.

Mycoplasma contamination

All used cells were tested for mycoplasma. Results were negative.

Commonly misidentified lines (See [ICLAC](#) register)

Palaeontology

Specimen provenance

Specimen deposition

Dating methods

Tick this box to confirm that the raw and calibrated dates are available in the paper or in Supplementary Information.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about [studies involving animals](#); [ARRIVE guidelines](#) recommended for reporting animal research

Laboratory animals

Wild animals

Field-collected samples

Ethics oversight

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Human research participants

Policy information about [studies involving human research participants](#)

Population characteristics

Recruitment

Ethics oversight

Note that full information on the approval of the study protocol must also be provided in the manuscript.

Clinical data

Policy information about [clinical studies](#)

All manuscripts should comply with the [ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research](#) and a completed [CONSORT checklist](#) must be included with all submissions

Clinical trial registration

Study protocol

Data collection

Outcomes

ChIP-seq

Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as [GEO](#).

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links
May remain private before publication. *For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.*

Files in database submission *Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.*

Genome browser session
(e.g. [UCSC](#)) *Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.*

Methodology

Replicates *Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.*

Sequencing depth *Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.*

Antibodies *Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.*

Peak calling parameters *Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChIP, control and index files used.*

Data quality *Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.*

Software *Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.*

Flow Cytometry

Plots

Confirm that:

- The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
- The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
- All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
- A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

Methodology

Sample preparation *Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.*

Instrument *Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.*

Software *Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.*

Cell population abundance *Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.*

Gating strategy *Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.*

- Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

Magnetic resonance imaging

Experimental design

Design type *Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.*

Design specifications *Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.*

Behavioral performance measures *State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).*

Acquisition

Imaging type(s)

Field strength

Sequence & imaging parameters

Area of acquisition

Diffusion MRI Used Not used

Preprocessing

Preprocessing software

Normalization

Normalization template

Noise and artifact removal

Volume censoring

Statistical modeling & inference

Model type and settings

Effect(s) tested

Specify type of analysis: Whole brain ROI-based Both

Statistic type for inference (See [Eklund et al. 2016](#))

Correction

Models & analysis

n/a Involved in the study

Functional and/or effective connectivity

Graph analysis

Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis

Functional and/or effective connectivity

Graph analysis

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis